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1	EASTERN INTERIOR FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE
2	REGIONAL COUNCIL MEETING
3	
4	VOLUME I
5	Doinbanks Alaska
6 7	Fairbanks, Alaska March 6, 2001
8	9:45 o'clock a.m.
9	J. 13 O CIOCK a.m.
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11	COUNCIL MEMBERS PRESENT:
12	
13	Gerald Nicholia
	Nathaniel Good
	Craig Fleener
	David James
	Charles Miller Jim Wilde
19	OTH WITGE
	Coordinator; Donald Mike
-	

49 meeting back over. I think to save time, is that,

50 introduction of agency and Staff, would be the agency Staff

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: I'd like to call this

00003 1 will introduce themselves when their reports come up, will 2 that be better? 3

MR. MILLER:

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: We'll just introduce the Council members and what concerns we have and we'll go from there. Concerns.

That's fine, yeah.

MR. MILLER: Charles Miller from Dot Lake, 11 no, not yet. I'll have some before the meetings over, 12 though.

 $\,$ MR. GOOD: Nat Good, Delta Junction and I $\,$ 15 feel the same as Chuck.

17 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Gerald Nicholia, Tanana 18 Tribal Council. One of my main concerns pretty much is 19 fisheries, are our people going to be able to fish this 20 year? I think not probably. I have a few more concerns 21 but I'll wait until after the meeting. 22

23 MR. FLEENER: Craig Fleener from Fort 24 Yukon. I got several concerns, as I always do. One of the 25 most important things on my mind right now and for quite 26 awhile, of course, is the moose population in Fort Yukon. 27 It seems to be on a steady decline and I know that we don't 28 have much money in the way of doing moose management or 29 other things like that so I'd like to see an effort be made 30 to put some money into moose management in the Yukon Flats. 31 I think right now we have the second lowest moose 32 population in the state, density-wise. And of course, our 33 needs for moose meat is always increasing as our population 34 in the Yukon Flats is gong up and our ability to depend on 35 salmon is -- is gone. And of course that brings me into 36 the second problem and, that is, rumors that the salmon 37 returns are going to be as bad or worse than they were last 38 year. And so what that tells me is we're going to need to 39 look for some alternative supplies of food. And not too 40 many people like to eat TV dinners and Spaghettio's and all 41 this other stuff that's shipped in from Minnesota, or 42 wherever they make it. We like to eat things off the land. 43

And so we are getting into some pretty 45 serious conditions here in the Yukon Flats, no moose and no 46 fish. And what are we going to turn to? What are the 47 alternatives? Now, we don't like to depend on the 48 government so we need to do something, and that brings me 49 into issue number 3 and that is reconsideration of the wood 50 bison reintroduction project to use as an alternative

supply of meat in the Yukon Flats to help the creature get off the endangered species list in Canada where it's listed as threatened. And of course, potentially to supply local people with a means of making money if they could use the herd for tourism.

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And another issue that's not really in the Flats but it's one that's been raised to me by several people, and that's the Fortymile Caribou Herd and how 10 people have been talking about hunting it and some people 11 want to open it more and some people want to keep the 12 hunting limited and I think we need to pay close attention 13 to the steps we're going to be taking. I think we need to 14 make sure that we honor the agreement that's been made and 15 make sure we don't do anything to jeopardize an agreement 16 that people have gotten into. Make sure that we're doing 17 the best we can to ensure herd growth. But in saying that, 18 I also know that we need to meet subsistence needs and 19 that's the purpose of this Council being here, is to do the 20 best we can to make sure that subsistence needs are being 21 met. And so we need to do something that's going to help 22 ensure a subsistence, I don't know if you want to call it 23 priority or what, but we need to do something to make sure 24 that people that are living off the land have a good, fair 25 shake at the amount of caribou that are going to be 26 distributed.

27 28

And that's all for now.

29 30

MR. WILDE: Jim Wilde from Central. I 31 mirror most of what most the other concerns are, mainly in 32 the fishing. Another concern is we have this meeting in 33 February so I can get out and enjoy the sunshine. Thank 34 you.

35 36

MR. JAMES: David James, Fort Yukon. About 37 20 years ago I was out of high school there, me and my 38 brother we built a hundred mile trapline in the Yukon Flats 39 there and we opened the trapline up my dad had. And we ran 40 it for about five years and then after awhile, my dad and 41 my uncle came up and said, you know, you're going to have 42 to learn something different after this, you know. You 43 ain't going to keep on doing this. It's going to be harder 44 and harder to live out here. I see it right now. Three 45 trapper families moved back into the village, they live 46 about 15 miles out. They couldn't do it out there anymore, 47 you know. There are hardly no animals out there anymore.

48

And this is just the reality of it. 20 50 years from now, what are we going to manage, you know? I

bet you 20 years from now there's only going to be half of your Staff members here and half of us here because there's nothing out there to manage. It's not your fault or our fault, it's just the way the cycle goes.

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I guess we're just going to have to work with what we've got, technology and what kind of management plan we need. One of the things Craig said is our needs, you know.

9 10

11 I was talking with a couple of your Staff 12 this morning about the moose management plan, you know, how 13 much moose do we really want in the Yukon Flats, 15,000 14 3,000 or 4,000? But what are we really managing for? Are 15 we managing for easy hunting so we can just sit in our 16 boats and shoot from the boat there or are we going -- or 17 is that our main problem, concerns, you know, we're riding, 18 riding, 12, 14 hours a day, we're flying around with the 19 airplanes, looking, looking all day for the easy moose, 20 easy bulls out there, or what do we really want, you know? 21 You know, some people just want the horns. This fall, 22 guess where I got my moose from, I got my moose out here at 23 the dump drop-off, out there in Steese, a half a moose was 24 perfectly thrown away. And my next door neighbor got a 25 half a moose. That's where I went hunting. I went hunting 26 down Minto but I never shot nothing, that's where I got my 27 meat. And my nephews and my brothers give me my moose out 28 there. But there's moose out there, you have to hunt it.

29 30

That's another issue we really need to look 31 at, you know. We need to look at other parts of Alaska 32 where the moose management has been implemented, you know. 33 We have to really see, are we just catering to the needs of 34 real easy hunting to our people or are we doing real 35 management, you know? So that's another area that we need 36 to look at.

37 38

Thank you.

39 40

40 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: I'd like to recognize 41 Steve Ginnis, president of TCC, if he has anything to say 42 he could come up here.

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MR. GINNIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I
45 just wanted to take this opportunity to thank you and Davey
46 for your participation at the Board of Fisheries meeting.
47 You guys did a real outstanding job. And I'd like to thank
48 other people from the Interior that was at that meeting as
49 well. You know, I think that we've made some headway
50 there. And frankly, I was kind of surprised by the action

taken by the Board of Fisheries, you know, they've had this history in the past of kind of voting against the interests of the Yukon River folks. And I think this year we made some headway in terms of a little cut back in the Area M fisheries, cut back in the hatchery production and those, I think, are all positive steps. I guess it remains to be seen how -- whether we have a return of the fish or not this year. I'm really hopeful that there is a return of the fishery. You know, we can't go through another year of disaster that we had experienced last year.

11 12

So I just wanted to take this opportunity
13 to thank you. I know you put a lot of time and effort into
14 it and a lot of work you put into it on behalf of the
15 Eastern Council and behalf of this region here. So I just
16 wanted to thank you for that.

17

18 The other thing is I'm just curious as to 19 the committee's involvement in looking at proposals in 20 terms of research dollars for the Yukon River fisheries. 21 don't know what role you play in that but certainly, I 22 think that your recommendations as to those kind of dollars 23 coming from the Federal Board would be helpful for us. 24 know, as we talked at the Board of Fisheries, we were 25 talking about a joint effort between AVCP, Kawerak and the 26 Tanana Chiefs try to put together a proposal for funding 27 some of our needs along the Yukon. And I am working on 28 that and, you know, your support would definitely be 29 helpful in that regard. I don't know if you're dealing 30 with that issue here, I don't see it on your agenda, I see 31 mostly game-related stuff on this agenda. I don't know 32 where you speak to that issue but I would encourage you to 33 have continuing involvement in it. And Gerald, at the 34 Board of Fisheries, you did make a commitment that, you 35 know, you would work with the Tanana Chiefs and others to 36 try to seek those dollars. We have a delegation of people 37 that's going to Washington D.C., this week, that will be 38 looking at trying to get some funding through our 39 Congressional Delegation. You know we've put some 40 proposals together that have been submitted to the Federal 41 Subsistence Board and I don't know whether they dealt with 42 those at their last meeting or not. But, you know, 43 whatever you folks can do to try to help us out in 44 accessing those dollars would be very helpful.

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With that, thank you very much. (In

47 Native)
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49 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: We just -- and Peggy 50 might be able to answer this, we just did -- the Federal

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Subsistence program requested more fisheries proposals this year or I thought we already went through that process.

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MS. FOX: We just completed the process to make decisions on projects that would be funded this year, for 2001. And then we advertised for proposals for 2002, and that process closed February 16th. So the next opportunity to submit proposals would be next November -or this coming November, you know, about eight months from 10 now, for 2003.

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12 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: To answer one of 13 Steve's questions, are we going to be dealing with fish at 14 this meeting or is it just all wildlife?

15 16

MS. FOX: There will be an opportunity to 17 review what was approved for 2001. I'm not sure, I don't 18 have the agenda in front of me but I think it's probably 19 going to be tomorrow; is that right, where it says, 20 fisheries monitoring?

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MR. MIKE: Thursday.

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24 Thursday, is it going to be in MS. FOX: 25 the joint session?

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MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair.

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29 MS. FOX: Okay, I understand it's going to 30 be during the joint session on Thursday.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Okay.

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MR. MIKE: Yes, Peggy just answered your 35 question, we're having a joint meeting with the Western 36 Interior Council on Thursday and it will be here at the TCC 37 building.

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39 Mr. Chair, just for the reviewing of the 40 agenda, I don't know if you want to add or change any 41 agenda items but before we get started, you know, if 42 there's any public out there that wish to came comments on 43 the proposals, I'd encourage them to fill out a testimony 44 sheet and hand it to Laura Jurgensen and she'll give you 45 the testimony sheets for persons wishing to testify on 46 proposals. So as far as the booklet is concerned, I did a 47 new format for the meeting minutes. I mainly highlighted 48 the motions passed at the last meeting so if that's -- if 49 the Council would rather see more details on the minutes, 50 you know, I can do that, but I mainly highlighted the

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Council recommendations that they did last meeting.

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Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Is there any additions or corrections to this agenda that we would want to make?

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MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I was thinking that there might be a lot of discussion around the Tortymile Caribou Herd management harvest plan and I was thinking it might be good if we could set aside a little extra time and maybe we don't need to, maybe because it's here under V, since it's already in there maybe we can just make that some sort of a meeting time where we can actually do some work on this because I think it's going to take some work. I think we're going to have to sit down and talk with the people that are interested that are not on the Council and work with Council members, and will you be here for this Nat?

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21 MR. GOOD: I'll be here until 3:00 o'clock 22 this afternoon.

23 24

MR. FLEENER: Okay.

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MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, I spoke with the 27 biologist with the State, Craig Gardner, I don't know if he 28 will be available for the day or tomorrow, we can talk to 29 Craig about it; what's your schedule, Mr. Gardner?

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MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I, personally, 32 would like to be a part of this so I would like to see this 33 happen as soon as possible.

34 35

MR. FLEENER: Yeah, that was the main 36 reason I asked. Because if we're going to separate some 37 additional time for this I want to make sure that Nat is 38 here because I know he is very interested in what goes on 39 and I know that Jim would be equally interested. So I 40 think maybe we move the item up and have a little work 41 session or something, I don't know. I don't know exactly 42 what to do but I know I've heard a lot of differing sides 43 and I think it would be good to actually do it out of 44 regular meeting and in some sort of work group; I don't 45 know what you think, Mr. Chair.

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47 MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, as far as 48 availability for Mr. Gardner, I spoke to him last week and 49 he would give us more details on his availability to 50 discuss Fortymile.

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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Since Nat is from that
   area, is there any problem with moving the Fortymile
  Caribou deal up to now? How about you, Davey, you got no
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  problem with that?
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                   MR. JAMES:
                               (Nods negatively)
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Then it is, we shall
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   hear about the Fortymile Caribou Herd.
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                   MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, in order to put
12 this formally on the floor, I move that we adopt Proposals
13 38 and 39, which would actually be dealt with
14 simultaneously at this time, I believe.
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                   MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, before we actually
17 do that I think we should approve the rest of the agenda
18 and then maybe move into that. Try to get this top of the
19 line stuff out of the way before we do that, if you don't
20 mind withdrawing your motion?
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                   MR. GOOD: No, consider it withdrawn.
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                   MR. MILLER: I move we adopt the agenda as
25 revised.
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                   MR. GOOD: As amended.
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                   MR. FLEENER:
                                 Second.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It's been moved by
32 Chuck Miller and seconded by Craig Fleener, is there any
33 discussion?
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                   MR. FLEENER: Yes, Mr. Chair.
                                                  I think that
36 not only moving it up for discussion like this but I'm
37 wondering if it would be better to have some sort of a
38 breakout session to bring in a couple of the people that
39 are most interested or do you think it would be -- do you
40 think it's okay to work in this forum?
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42
                   MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I think it would
43 be better to keep everything public and keep everybody
44 involved because we all have to make the decision on this.
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                   MR. FLEENER: Okeydokey.
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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Let's go for it.

MS. FOX: Excuse me, but I was looking on

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   the agenda to see where there was the opportunity for the
   Council to address fisheries proposals, Donald, do you know
   when that is, we can't seem to find it?
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                   MR. MIKE: That was going to be brought up
 during our joint meeting on Thursday, all the fisheries
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7
   issues, with the Western and Eastern joint meeting.
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                   MS. FOX: Okay, if that's the wishes of the
10 Council, for you to work with Western Interior on fisheries
11 proposals then that clarified it.
                                      Thanks.
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                   MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I call for the
14 question on adopting the agenda.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Okay, there's been a
17 question called for adopting the agenda as revised. All
18 those in favor of approving the agenda signify by saying
19 aye.
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21
                   IN UNISON:
                               Aye.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Opposed, same sign.
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                   (No opposing votes)
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Agenda approved. There
28 is one thing I want to do right now, if we have any honored
29 quests or -- besides agency Staff or people that just came
30 in that want to introduce themselves, they could at this
31 time, besides agency Staff. Seeing none and hearing none,
32 let's go deal with the Tanana meeting minutes, let's hear a
33 motion.
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                   MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I move that we
36 approve the minutes as written for our Tanana meeting of
37 October 11th and 12th.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Do you guys need time
40 to look through it?
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43 do -- I can't even find the minutes in here, where are

MR. MIKE:

MR. FLEENER:

MR. FLEENER: I'll second the motion but I

It's in Tab B.

Okay.

MR. MILLER: Call for question.

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44 they?

00011 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Nat Good moved to approve the minutes of the Tanana, October 11th and 12th, 2000 meeting in Tanana and Craig Fleener seconded and Chuck 3 called for question. All those in favor of approving the 5 minutes for the Tanana meeting signify by saying aye. б 7 IN UNISON: Aye. 8 9 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: All those opposed, same 10 sign. 11 12 (No opposing votes) 13 14 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Minutes approved. 15 Okay, let's go into the proposals. We would have to move 16 to introduce each proposal, we would want to go down the 17 line or just introduce the first ones? 18 19 MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I think we had 20 indicated that we'd alter our agenda to take 38 and 39 and 21 40 first. 22 23 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Okay, do you so move? 24 25 MR. GOOD: And that being the case, I so 26 move that we adopt Proposal No. 38. 27 28 MR. MILLER: Second. 29 30 MR. FLEENER: Second. 31 32 MR. MIKE: Mr. Chairman, Proposal 38 is for 33 Unit 25(C) for caribou, it's to revise the season and 34 harvest limit and the revised area description. And this 35 was proposed by the Eastern Interior Regional Advisory 36 Council. And Staff will do the presentation, Pete 37 DeMatteo. 38 39 MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, as this proposal 40 -- or these three proposals are going to generate a lot of 41 discussion, Staff suggests that you allow Department of 42 Fish and Game to make their presentation first concerning 43 the Fortymile Caribou Herd. In the interest of saving time 44 in the long run, that would probably be the best way to go 45 and then Staff can give our presentation afterwards if

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA:

Craig.

MR. GARDNER: First I have some handouts

46 that's what you need.

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maybe I'll just pass out to the Board first here, okay?

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MR. MIKE: Mr. Chairman, before you go any further, for Proposal 38, on Page 70, summary of written comments. there was an error on the comment that was submitted to the book. And the Bureau of Land Management provided their comments to the proposal and when it comes to agency comments I'll read it out to the Council.

8 9 10

MR. GARDNER: First, I guess, I'd like to 11 get, maybe some direction from Craig or you, Gerald, on 12 basically how you want me to start? I mean I like talking 13 about Fortymile Caribou Herd pretty much from the start to 14 finish but I'm sure you guys want to have more of a clip in 15 the history than the total history so do you want me to go 16 through the harvest plan, you know, how that came to be or 17 do you want me to go through herd structure or what?

18 19

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, yeah, I think that 20 we should probably just follow the same pattern we normally 21 have with proposals that we've done in the past, just talk 22 about Proposal 38 and I think questions are going to be 23 generated and then when questions are generated you can 24 just answer them as they come along. But I think if we 25 change formats and go into something -- we've discussed 26 Fortymile Caribou Herd, you know, enough to have a general 27 idea of what they are and that sort of thing. So I think 28 if we just went into regular proposal discussions and 29 generate questions from there that would suit me. I don't 30 know what Nat or Jim thinks.

31 32

MR. GARDNER: Okay. I guess, then my 33 comments pretty much stem from the goals and objectives 34 that I basically manage the Fortymile Caribou Herd under. 35 Now, to start with, the goals, I think probably this might 36 be the only goal, that I know of, at least in the state, 37 that was actually generated not by the State, this was 38 actually generated by the people, the people of the 39 Fortymile team and then actually got perpetuated from the 40 groups that actually designed the harvest plan. 41 basically the goal is to manage to see continued herd 42 increase, that's the first step. But really what the final 43 goal is to have for this herd, increase back into its 44 traditional range, move back into ranges it hasn't seen for 45 20, 30 or 40 years. This is a great goal. I mean I think 46 the people that designed it were quite wise in coming up 47 with this because it's just going to benefit subsistence 48 users as time goes on. I mean right now, Jim Wilde is 49 seeing caribou, you know, in Central Circle, Circle Hot

50 Springs the last three or four years and in fairly good

numbers and they haven't seen them in 20, 25 years. You know, Pat Saylor was here last year, there's caribou in Healy Lake, you know, they haven't seen caribou there.

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So this is the goal and this is where I'm coming from when I talk about Proposal 38. And if you look at this one comparison between the Fortymile Caribou Herd, what I wanted to do was kind of hit on the points that I understood from your proposal and from the Staff analysis 10 and how I saw the disadvantages as written, okay.

11

12 First of all I think one of the most 13 important considerations and discussions we need to have is 14 it seems like to me the basic premise of the proposal of 15 the Fortymile Caribou Herd since it's increased, you know, 16 the last few years, you know, we could come in with a much 17 greater harvest. You know, Craig, I think you said quite 18 well, we want to see this herd to continue to increase. 19 That's pretty much what the designers of the two plans 20 want. But yet we want to meet subsistence needs, you know, 21 some kind of hunting needs. You know, I've come in front 22 of the Council a number of times and talked about, you 23 know, really the optimism of this herd and how it's growing 24 but what we can't forget is that this past year has not 25 been good for caribou, you know, it really hasn't been good 26 for moose, it hasn't been good for ungulates. Where the 27 optimism still lies is that the Fortymile Caribou is doing 28 better than any other herd in the Central Yukon all the way 29 through Interior Alaska but it's still not doing all that 30 smashing. And you know, there's two reasons why that's 31 happening this year. I mean one, we had a horrible winter 32 last year, you know, they came through, the second lightest 33 calf weights, you know, being born. We had a smaller calf 34 crop and so they came into the winter with fewer calves. 35 Okay.

36

37 Now, some of the benefits of the program 38 are also causing some of the problems. You know, this herd 39 is starting to expand. Well, instead of feeding 20, 30 wolf 40 packs, it's now feeding over 45 wolf packs. And so what 41 we're seeing is this few number of calves are getting 42 whacked by a greater number of wolves, okay, so our calf 43 crop is, you know, basically we are not seeing the survival 44 rate as we would hope to see by this time this winter.

45

46 Now, the second thing is more of an 47 anomaly. I don't think we probably see it once every 10 48 years and you guys, you know, I'm sure have seen it a 49 number of times in your life, but basically the eastern 50 side, you know, the snowshoe hare populations are crashing, the lynx populations are really high and actually lynx can kill caribou calves and when they get hungry they're actually not a bad predator. This winter we've lost four radios just to lynx which equates to like 800 calves.

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You know, so you start adding these factors in and this population is not as growing as fast as the years prior to this past year and then what we expected to happen again.

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So what we see now is that this herd really 12 doesn't -- if we want to see this herd continue to grow 13 each year, we really don't want to jump on it quite as hard 14 as harvest as we had originally hoped to this first year, 15 okay.

16 17

17 So that's the first step, we still got to 18 be somewhat cautious.

19 20

Now, the harvest plan, you know, they built 21 that in that. You know, they said there's going to be bad 22 years and, you know, the harvest plan is flexible enough 23 that the harvest can be changed, you know, depending on the 24 herd trend.

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Now, in 38, I don't see that same 27 consideration, it was with no quota and you know, I mean 28 basically the no quota. It doesn't give that ability to 29 hold back some harvest at times.

30 31

The next disadvantage I see in 38 and this 32 comes from actually the Eagle Advisory Committee or the 33 Eagle people seem to be the most concerned about this is 34 the cow harvest. And I actually, in your packet, I gave 35 you the notes from the Eagle Advisory Committee, but they 36 from Day 1, have hated cow harvest. And what they see in 37 38 is that there is just no protection for the cow element 38 and so again, over all we don't expect the cow harvest to 39 be excessive but it does appear that the subsistence 40 harvest does seem to take a greater percentage of cows than 41 let's say regular harvest, regular State harvest. You 42 know, you guys are probably sharper when it comes to when 43 you're shooting around the rut or shooting late in the 44 year, you know, you're going to take cows, okay, so the 45 subsistence harvest does seem to have a higher percentage 46 of cows.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Craig, is this cow 49 harvest adversely affecting the overall population of the 50 herd?

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MR. GARDNER: Overall, if it wasn't for this year, it depends, again, how great it is, of course. And I kind of modeled that in a little bit. And basically if you go with o quota and let's say a 50/50 cow harvest for subsistence harvest, you know, you could maybe instead of 210 or 200 cows, hopefully have taken -- or at least a ceiling for cows taken next year, let's say got up to 300 and, yeah, you would start seeing the effects on growth rate.

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MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman. The harvest plan 12 that you're referring to is actually -- will appear in the 13 State regulations. It's the State regs for this year, 14 right?

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MR. GARDNER: The harvest plan itself is 17 endorsed by the Board of Game and then the steps, the 18 recommendations within, at least, the first two years, 19 right, is going to be implemented by the State this coming 20 year.

21 22

MR. GOOD: And it does include a cow 23 harvest?

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MR. GARDNER: Right. It does have a cow 26 quota and what it has is a 25 percent cow quota for the 27 total harvest and then that's also looked at for the fall 28 and winter season so there's a ceiling put on it.

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MR. GOOD: Could you just address, you 31 know, the total number of animals and how the cow harvest 32 will be 25 percent, that type of thing; just go over it 33 briefly for us?

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MR. GARDNER: You mean how it got

36 established? 37

MR. GOOD: What will actually be occurring 39 on the State side this next fall?

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MR. GARDNER: Okay, on the State side, 42 okay, come the season we'll open up August 10th. And 43 basically it will be a registration permit across the 44 herd's range again, okay, so there'll be a hunt over in 45 25(C) and there's going to be a hunt in 20(D), 20(B) and 46 partial 20(E), and then a hunt in 20(E). Now, each one of 47 those segments, each one of those are a separate hunt and 48 each one has their own quota. So basically each hunter 49 will have to come in and register for the hunt like they 50 have in the past basically seven years. Now, I'll be

managing strictly on total quota and on cow quota for the State hunt and so when they come up to it either way, then I'll shut, like I say, the cow segment down. Let's say, for whatever reason in the early fall the herd's somewhat segregated, people get into groups of cows, they take a fairly large harvest, I'll come in and I'll make it a bull only hunt. You know, I mean basically there's some real beauty in the registration permits, it's a discretionary authority, and with that actually comes quite a bit of power in being able to stop hunts, okay, and so that's how, 1 you know, the cow harvest and the total harvest will be managed.

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MR. MILLER: Mr. Chair.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Chuck.

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18 MR. MILLER: Hey, Craig, how are those 19 numbers broke down?

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21 MR. GARDNER: That's a great question, 22 Chuck. Some of it was we modeled it. Like I said, the --23 basically, you know, it was five advisory committees that 24 came up with the harvest plan. You know, four of them 25 really represent the subsistence users, you know, from 26 Central, Eagle, Delta, Upper Tanana and Eagle, and the 27 other one was Fairbanks. So first of all they looked at 28 the two kind of problem areas that happen during hunts. 29 One, is just basically illegal take. You know, or 30 opportunity to take. You see a bunch of animals and 31 they're all cows or what have you and you try to pick out 32 that bull and you tip over a cow, so some of it was let's 33 try -- let's make this easier on hunters. That was one of 34 the steps. And then the second one was, we don't want 35 excessive take of cows so what we did, a couple of things, 36 we modeled it to see what would be kind of the ceiling we'd 37 want to see where we didn't affect this herd growth. And, 38 you know, the herd growth is moderate, that's the whole 39 goal, to continue this herd growing at a moderate rate. So 40 we modeled that part out. And then what we did is we 41 looked at all the hunts basically across the states, you 42 know, from the Mulchatna to the Nelchina to the Western 43 Arctic and looked at, basically, what's kind of the normal 44 take of cows in a regular harvest and that kind of ranges 45 between anywhere from like 20 to 30 percent. So that's 46 kind of the ball park we figured, you know, if people just 47 went out and randomly shot caribou, not randomly, I mean 48 they definitely select for bulls, that's kind of what we 49 suspect, but then we modeled, like I said to make sure that 50 it never exceeded this kind of threshold that would keep

1 the herd from growing.

MR. MILLER: One more question, Craig. You mentioned earlier about breaking down by percentage per area, how does that break down?

MR. GARDNER: Okay, the way the advisory committees did it, they looked at basically the history of take, and they -- for Central's benefit, they went a little bit longer than the past 20 years, you know, since the herd wasn't there for a long time. And basically they looked at historical take, you know, how many caribou were harvested across the herds range, okay, and basically then just took that percentage. You know, so for the 25(C) portion, you know, it's' 35 percent. And the 20(D), 20(B) and that part of 20(E), which is very difficult to access is basically you're going to go through two or three or four-wheelers to get there or use an airplane, that was 15 percent. And then the biggest area was the 20(E) Taylor Highway Corridor which was 50 percent.

MR. MILLER: Another question there, on the 23 Taylor Highway quota that was broke down to 50, is that -- 24 or will you be working with the Feds on what part of that 25 50 percent will be going for like say the Charley River 26 area, the Fortymile River area, has that been worked out?

MR. GARDNER: Yeah, actually it was.

29 Basically the Preserve was broken out into the more remote

30 area. It was kind of considered that most people from

31 Eagle or even from the southern part from the herd's range,

32 you know, from Dot Lake, Tok, you know, where they get into

33 the Yukon-Charley Preserve, especially in the fall. And so

34 it was actually included with the 20(D) and 20(B), more

35 difficult to access area, and then we worked with them,

36 basically, the rest of the corridor, including the BLM,

37 wild and scenic corridor and the private lands and the

38 remainder of 20(E) was treated with the 50 percent.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Any more questions?

MR. GARDNER: I got a couple other things.
43 I think you guys might want to consider is that with 38 as
44 written, it would require and it's in the Staff report, it
45 would require a separate Federal permit. Basically what it
46 will do is complicate the Fortymile hunt again. Back in
47 1992, I think there used to be, I think seven different
48 hunts, different regulations on Fortymile caribou. And
49 just because of the different Federal hunts, different
50 areas, different quotas, different bag limits and it was --

actually I think most hunters were pretty much confused every second of the day.

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What the joint permit did and, again, I'm speaking primarily from the western side, but what I saw what it did it simplified the world for everybody that came They had a number of places they could get their permits. They could come in, you know, and one permit 9 basically ran the Federal hunt in November and ran the 10 State hunt the remainder of the time. There was one set of 11 regulations you know, and so it was a very simple hunt. 12 Now, what I can -- now, I know one of the questions was, as 13 many of you know, that next year in 20(E) especially, that 14 there's going to be a permit, well, at least the State 15 hunt, to try to protect the moose population is that I'm 16 going to make people basically choose to either hunt moose 17 or hunt caribou. Now, the joint permit would allow the 18 Federal hunter, though, to be exempt. Basically that was 19 never part of the Federal subsistence harvest, that's 20 strictly a State regulation. So if we still had a joint 21 permit, the simplicity of it would be that a guy would come 22 in, you know, from basically all the Federally eligible 23 communities, you know, we just check a box. And basically 24 I would say that they basically could shoot either moose or 25 caribou on Federal land and also on State land.

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So because of that change in the moose 28 regulation there is a possibility that, and I would have to 29 talk to a bunch of the legal beagles, but there is a 30 possibility that not only would there be a Federal 31 registration permit or a Federal permit for caribou but 32 there may have to be one for moose, too, just because the 33 State moose tag is going to be totally different, you know, 34 so it could mean that a subsistence hunter would have to 35 come in to BLM, get a caribou permit and a moose permit, 36 come into the State get a caribou permit, get a moose 37 permit and I mean I don't have a pocket big enough to carry 38 the paperwork. So I mean, you know, it's a real 39 consideration that if we can come up with a proposal that 40 meets the needs of the subsistence user and the herd and 41 such that we can keep the joint permit, I actually think 42 the users benefitted under the joint permit. I mean many 43 of you got one so you can answer that yourselves, too.

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45 Another question I had on the original 46 dates, you know, it's an October 21st proposed date. And I 47 realize that a lot of people understand that shooting 48 caribou, especially bull caribou during that time of the 49 year you can get some bad meat. And it seems to me tat 50 this proposal could be written better, that basically met

the best quality of animals out there. And if you delayed it until November 1, you've pretty much taken yourself out of that realm of bulls being poor. I mean bull caribou got an incredible ability to basically rid themselves of those hormones and, you know, as soon as they start eating they pretty much get clean pretty fast. But it seems to me the hunts I've had around Tok from either Nelchina or Fortymile, that if you start opening hunts in October and people take bulls that there's going to be a percentage of them that are going to be rutting, you know, and so I know I have a concern and the team had a concern about that October 21st opening.

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Another one I think is pretty important. 15 know the Council, yourselves, do not have an agreement with 16 the Tr'ondek Hwech'in First Nation Yukon, you know, there's 17 no agreement between you. When this harvest plan was 18 developed by the subsistence users, the advisory 19 committees, you know, there was an agreement made, 20 particularly with the Tr'ondek Hwech'in because that's 21 where the herd is starting to get into, that First 22 Traditional range, if you look at it, the quota was broken 23 down to 65 percent Alaska, 35 percent Yukon, okay. Now, in 24 that agreement they basically said that whatever quota is 25 not used in the Yukon can't be taken by Alaska and whatever 26 quota in Alaska not used is not going to be taken by the 27 Tr'ondek Hwech'in. Now, if there's no quota on the Federal 28 side and let's say I don't -- we just go separate ways and 29 I just manage on the 850 or whatever the first year is, and 30 we shoot over that quota, in essence, actually we've just 31 kind of violated that agreement. It kind of complicates a 32 little bit of what's already gone on with the Tr'ondek 33 Hwech'in.

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And so like I said, the Tr'ondek Hwech'in are kind of watching us right now. They're in kind of their process of writing their harvest plan. And they're the first First Nation territory that the herd's getting into and in fact the last two years, you know, 5,000 animals went in there last year and another 5,000 this year and they're spending some time in there. And, you know, their subsistence laws are much stronger on that side but yet they're still choosing not to hunt Fortymile caribou and they could have done it this year. They knew they were there but they're still choosing not to harvest. And so I think what we need to do is be really cognizant and come up with a proposal that looks at both sides because that's part of the whole goal is to get this herd over on their side, too.

00020 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Craig, how good do you 2 work with your Canadian counterparts? 3 MR. GARDNER: Actually I've been really lucky. From members of the Tr'ondek Hwech'in and from the

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: And if we adopt

MR. WILDE: Craig, what is the exact

MR. GARDNER: I think the primary one would

MR. GARDNER: I'm sorry, that there's no

MR. WILDE: You say there is no quota on

MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I think we need to

MR. GARDNER: As written, I think it would

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Yukon Department of Renewable Resources and actually the 7 Canadian Fish and Wildlife Board, actually we've had really 8 close working relationships. I've been over there four or 9 five times for different meetings with them and they've

10 been actually over on this side. 11

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13 Proposal 38 as it is would it have any beneficial effects 14 or adverse effects with your Canadian counterparts? 15

16 17 be looked at poorly. It would be looked at as here's the 18 first year, out of the box, first year of the agreement and 19 already there's a regulation out there that shows no quota. 20 You know, I mean that was a fairly -- it was a long talked

21 discussed part, how are we going to break this herd out to 22 make sure that this growth continues. So I think they 23 would look at that as -- like I said, they wouldn't look at 24 that very favorably.

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27 complication with the Yukon on Proposal 38? 28

29 30 be just because there's no quota.

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34 35 quota associated with 38.

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> 38 38? 39 40

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46 hear everything he has to say at this point and be taking

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47 notes about the things we want to consider. 48

MR. GARDNER: I think the -- and again, in

50 the Staff analysis I read, it probably was just -- some of

MR. WILDE: What?

MR. GARDNER: Not as written.

43 continue. Craig, is quite right, there is no quota there 44 but we have to keep in mind that Proposal 38 can be amended 45 or anything can be done to it in the future. We want to

it was overlooked and some of it was just a mistake, but the last two points I want to say is first that the Upper Tanana Fortymile was against 38 as written. You know, they actually put their own proposal in for 39, but you know, they were against 38. And also the Eagle Advisory Committee, now, that one was no mistake other than the Eagle Advisory Committee forgot to send the notes into the Office of Subsistence Management. I guess they sent it to George yesterday and they sent me a copy and I gave you 10 that copy.

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12 The last, though, but I think is the most 13 important is that the Fortymile Caribou Management Team was 14 against 38 as written. And again, in the Staff analysis, 15 it actually said they supported it. And so what I did, I 16 copied you the letter that the team actually sent to the 17 Office of Subsistence Management and, you know, in it it 18 basically says that they're against 38 as written. But 19 really it's a lot of the points that we've already talked 20 about. You know, basically no quota and, you know, 21 basically no way to protect the cow element. There's 22 probably not, as apparent, ways to protect the growth rate 23 of the herd to try to ensure this kind of continued growth 24 rate of the herd to grow back to traditional territories. 25 And I think, too, that the team held this harvest plan 26 fairly strongly. I mean the team itself didn't develop the 27 harvest plan. The harvest plan was, like I said, developed 28 by the advisory committees within the herd's range. 29 you know, the team basically -- I mean it's what makes this 30 so novel, is that this is the only harvest plan that I'm 31 aware of that's ever been developed by the public. 32 know all the other harvest plans are either pretty much 33 written by the State or by the Federal government and then 34 the public, this one is actually written, you know, by the 35 advisory committees and submitted and I think that's why 36 the Game Board went with it so much. You know, it was a 37 total novel idea. And so the team, you know, six year 38 public process, you know, it just basically supported all 39 the way through.

40 41

Yeah, Gerald.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Yeah, Craig, you said 44 there's no quota on this Proposal 38 but if like say for 45 instance it says, where it cuts it off, the fall season 46 will be closed, combine State and Federal harvest of 55 47 bulls has been reached, could that number be raised or 48 dropped, see where it's crossed out there?

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MR. FLEENER: Page 31.

00022 MR. GARDNER: Oh, yeah. 1 3 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: That's what you're talking about, is a harvest quota, right? 5 6 MR. GARDNER: That's right. That's right. 7 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: And where it could go down because, could that 55 number be dropped or raised 10 where it says the winter season will be closed when the 11 combined harvest quota for 150 bulls, could that number be 12 raised or dropped also, too? 13 14 MR. GARDNER: That's correct, yeah. 15 definitely wouldn't want to consider raising it. 16 17 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Then I see from the 18 introduction of Proposal 38, we're the ones that proposed 19 this. 20 21 MR. GARDNER: Right. 22 23 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: So that's what you mean 24 by a harvest quota deal right there, okay. Craig. 25 26 MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I have a question. 27 Something you mentioned earlier about the 5,000 caribou 28 moseying over into Yukon Territories, what sort of numbers 29 are they actually looking at before they want to consider a 30 harvest? 31 32 MR. GARDNER: That's a great question. 33 When I went over to Dawson last year for their kind of 34 initial kind of meetings with the First Nations and stuff, 35 they were actually like the team in a way. They didn't 36 really want to put an actual number on it, they wanted to 37 actually start seeing traditional movement patterns again.

MR. GARDNER: That's a great question.

When I went over to Dawson last year for their kind of initial kind of meetings with the First Nations and stuff, they were actually like the team in a way. They didn't really want to put an actual number on it, they wanted to actually start seeing traditional movement patterns again. I mean the whole idea was if this herd starts following history, then not only will the herd be in the traditional lands of Tr'ondek Hwech'in but it will cross over the Yukon and then get into actually four or five other First Nation traditional lands. And so the discussions when I was there and also what I hear was going to the harvest plan, it's not so much total numbers, is they want to kind of see the herd develop, kind of this traditional movement pattern back in before they start hunting with any kind of, you know, high harvest.

They are talking about ceremonial harvests, 50 you know, celebration harvest. You know, basically this

Fortymile herd coming back in is a big deal. So I think what -- you know, at least the last time I heard, you know, they were thinking about maybe a 45/50 animal harvest and maintain that until the herd gets across the Yukon.

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MR. FLEENER: And what's going to happen if it's 15 or 20 years from now before we actually see the caribou getting into this traditional migration pattern again? Are we going to keep our harvest at extremely low 10 numbers and only harvest these 75 or 65 percent, whatever 11 you said it was?

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MR. GARDNER: Now, we're getting down to 14 good questions.

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MR. FLEENER: Especially when you consider 17 the herd may be up to 60 or 70,000 at the time.

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MR. GARDNER: That's right. And I think we 20 can expect that this herd will be up to 50,000. I mean, 21 you know, I put a little bit of a dampening start on this 22 herd this past year, but all -- what we can't forget is 23 that all the parameters that we look for in a herd that's 24 ready to increase, the Fortymile herd still has incredibly 25 young age structure. You know, what we expected, really 26 high pregnancy rates. We have high bull/cow ratios. You 27 know, so basically the herd's sitting right now as healthy 28 and high quality as you expect. So you're right, Craig, we 29 can expect this herd to increase and we can expect it to 30 get into the 50,000, 60,000 caribou in, I think, the next 31 five or six years. The answer, are we going to maintain 32 low harvest because they don't reestablish their 33 traditional routes -- no.

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Again, the harvest plan was really flexible 36 in that way, is that, there was a proportion of the 37 harvest, you know, given to the Yukon and this harvest plan 38 goes to 2006. Okay, then basically it gets re -- well, 39 it's over, you know, it has to be renegotiated. But even 40 in that five year period, if you look at the Alaskan 41 harvest as the herd increases, it might be only 65 percent 42 of probably what could be taken. By the time you get to 43 50,000 animals, you're talking up about a 2,500 caribou bag 44 limit. So it keeps increasing as the herd keeps 45 increasing, and that's factored right in there.

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47 MR. FLEENER: So I guess I have a couple 48 questions for, maybe for Nat, since I think he's had a lot 49 of involvement in crafting this proposal. I know one of 50 the main concerns and it's something that concerns me is

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that subsistence needs are met. And that really there's no biological reason not to harvest these caribou. I mean they're at 35,000, there's not a real biological reason not to. And I guess you can say there is a biological reason not to and that is if we want to protect herd growth but other than that there's no real reason not to. So the 7 biological reason is to keep increasing the herd and then there's social issues which is to get the herd up to where we want to fulfill the agreement that we have and try to 10 have the population up so we can have sustained high hunt 11 on the population. But the no limit here, how do you think 12 that's going to affect herd growth, Nat, and what do you 13 think about the no limit and the bull and cow harvest in 14 regards to what Craig has said, especially in regards to 15 the agreement that has been established with the tribes --16 or the one tribe, I guess on the other side of the Yukon? 17

MR. GOOD: Well, I'll start by saying that 19 I think that our responsibility is not to provide a hunting 20 opportunity but to provide a harvest for subsistence 21 people. And the people that we actually deal with are on 22 this side of the border, they're the only ones that we can 23 legally deal with. And I am concerned about seeing that 24 they get animals. Now, I think that there are three areas 25 of concern that have been addressed here.

One was possibly delay of the hunt to 28 November 1st; the second was looking at a Federal limit and 29 from my point of view, it would be the limit that we would 30 set on this and that would possibly be both caribou and 31 cows; and the other one was the question of our March 32 season which is currently what is done with the Nelchina 33 herd and that season ends at the end of March.

Now, what you have before you are a series 36 of questions that revolve around 38 and what we'll end up 37 doing is discussing these and determining what we wish to 38 do with them. I also have a series of questions but I 39 think I'll let you finish yours Craig.

MR. FLEENER: Well, I guess I'm just 42 looking for more direction because I see, like I said in 43 the opening remarks, I see merits to both sides. 44 do we have the responsibility to manage for subsistence 45 take but I think we actually do have a responsibility when 46 it comes to management plans, even if the management plan 47 wasn't authored by us, even if it's not -- even if, you 48 know, I wasn't involved in it, I think because it's a 49 management plan affecting a subsistence resource, I think 50 we have a vested interest in making sure we comment on it,

we get involved in it, and if it's a good management plan that we probably support it. But saying that, you know, I'm sort of confused in this whole thing because I'd like to see people harvesting caribou but then, again, I'd like to see the caribou herd continue to grow where we can harvest more. And maybe Craig can comment as to whether or not he things -- or apparently he does think so, but how he thinks this proposal will negatively impact the population and he's already commented that if we go above the 850, is that the number -- if we go above harvesting 850 that it will show a bad form, I guess, to the cooperators on the other side of the agreement. But how will it negatively impact the population, do you think?

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MR. GARDNER: Okay. Actually, if you don't 16 mind I might take two of your statements and answer both. 17 First, a little bit on Nat's answer and how this will 18 affect the subsistence user and then basically how will the 19 subsistence users harvest affect the herd? Because, I 20 think, you know, they're married together.

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22 I think Nat's concern is a good one. 23 know, how do we ensure, you know, through ANILCA and 24 whatever that subsistence users get an equitable harvest, 25 you know, a needed harvest. It's important and I'll be the 26 first one to go to bat with that. I've kind of played 27 around with the numbers, not played around with them, just 28 actually took them right out of how people have done. 29 the subsistence users, again, I'll be talking primarily 30 from the eastern side just because the herd hasn't been on 31 the western side for very long are quite efficient. 32 Basically even when this hunt was huge, you know, before we 33 reduced the harvest, you know, people on the eastern side 34 always took 20 to 30 percent of the harvest. You know, 35 competition, you know, and that's when 2,700 people were 36 basically getting permits, you know, they always took 20 to 37 30 percent. Another case in point, when there's like say a 38 November season, when there's no competition and there's 39 caribou these people are quite good at getting caribou, 40 you we've seen them kill 150 to 200 caribou in just a 41 number of days. This has happened on the Nelchina herd, 42 that's happened on the Fortymile herd in years past. 43 you know, the subsistence hunters are very good at getting 44 caribou when the caribou are available. Okay. So I think 45 if you could take the straight percentages, you know, of 46 say 850, just even almost on the eastern side we can expect 47 subsistence users to take 150 to 200 caribou next year 48 which is the highest harvest they've since before 1973. 49 Okay. So I mean that's just their ability to get the 50 caribou and what the season will offer, especially with a

November season, you know, an open right then.

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Now, how was I saying this will affect the caribou herd? Craig, you brought out two really good 5 points. Now, if you just looked at the Fortymile herd as it stands, you know, and lets face it, population-wide, 7 especially if you looked at the last couple of years of, you know, kind of poor environmental conditions, it's a success story. I mean you're right, 35,000 caribou. 10 There's no way that a 2.5 percent harvest under 850 and if 11 you add, let's say an additional, let's just say we add the 12 whole subsistence harvest onto it, so it's another 200, 250 13 animals or whatever, if you count the western side, that 14 that itself is going to be any -- you know, that it's 15 something that that herd can't absorb. But the important 16 question is and it's really the essence of the whole 17 planning process and the whole essence of the harvest plan, 18 that is herd growth and that's to get this herd back into 19 traditional ranges to, you know, basically be in Dot Lake, 20 you know, come winter and you know, they're in Billy Creek 21 right now but not in great numbers.

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But the whole idea is if this herd keeps 24 growing it will get into traditional range, there will be 25 caribou close to Fort Yukon. I mean history tells us that 26 herd can get that big and it can move that far. So you 27 know, that's really -- I mean that's the goal of this whole 28 thing. So the idea of the -- I mean let's face it, the 29 Eagle Advisory Committee, that's some of your biggest 30 subsistence users, you know, Upper Tanana Advisory 31 Committee, Delta Advisory Committee and Central Advisory 32 Committee, they're all part of this harvest plan, they 33 wrote it. And this is kind of what they're looking at.

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You know, so you're right, in the big 36 picture it would be -- well, in the herd picture the 37 additional harvest would not cause the herd, let's say, 38 decline. It could, I guess, especially like I say this 39 year when the herd's sitting a little bit more 40 environmentally affected right now, you're not going to see 41 the growth rates that people want.

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MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, what sort of an 44 equitable solution then do you see to answer some of the 45 questions that Nat has asked but to also protect herd 46 growth? I mean apparently there's a rift here that we need 47 to get across and we need to do something, maybe to combine 48 both proposals into something that's more equitable from 49 this Council's perspective.

MR. GARDNER: Well, if I got to be the dictator, I guess what I would like to see and really kind of the authors of the harvest plan wanted to see was maybe the first step or two when this harvest is being increased is actually more baby steps than big steps, you know what I mean? And I mean the harvest plan basically says, there's no reason why this harvest can't increase quite rapidly, the season's can't increase quite rapidly as the herd increases, but basically it says let's start it slow, okay.

Now, let's see....

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Yeah, Craig, what if we 14 -- in this Proposal 38, that first harvest, that fall 15 season, how about if we put it up to -- it's 55, how about 16 if we move it 100 and then the winter season will close 17 when the combined following winter harvest quota of 150, 18 why not move that to 250; what would that do to you?

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MR. GARDNER: Actually you're being too 21 conservative. You know, I think what you could do, what 22 I'm hoping would work is, is that I looked at herd movement 23 pattern, you know, distribution through the year, okay, and 24 how people can jump on them, basically, you know, I mean 25 they can be available. There could be this first year an 26 850 quota. And what I'd like to see is, like I said, I'm 27 more of a November hunt person just because I don't like to 28 see bulls shot that are still rutting. But if the Federal 29 user had that full November season, the -- well, the 30 Nelchina herd is there, too, which benefits some of the 31 southern road people, but the Fortymile herd for the last 32 10 years has always been accessible from the Taylor 33 Highway, always. Now, the last three years it's been 34 accessible from Central, you know, by November. I mean you 35 have to travel a bit further, you know, they're not 36 standing on the Steese yet but they are in Birch Creek and 37 they are in Harrison Creek, they are accessible, okay. 38 Now, that month's season people can get to these caribou on 39 Federal lands and the reason why I'm a little bit against 40 the March season is because it's after the fact. 41 harder to manage the quota after the fact.

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You know, if I wanted to make sure there 44 was never more than 850 caribou shot, I would have to shut 45 down or play with the State's season possibly in February, 46 shut it down early to make sure that there was some left 47 over for the Federal season in March, which actually this 48 is -- it's a tough question to answer, that actually hurts 49 a lot of the Federal users. Especially like if you live in 50 Eagle. Federal land is a long ways away, it's tough to get

to. They hunt the summit. So they want as much hunting as they can get, okay, you know, and so they want that State hunt open. You know, so that's why I've always been kind of against that March season.

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But like I said, if 850 quota, I think right now is like 640 in the fall is what the harvest plan is calling for, 210 in the wintertime, 25 percent cow; I would think and like I said, just based on past history, 10 past ability of subsistence users and I mean Chuck's been 11 up there, Nat, you've been up there, Jim, you've been 12 hunting up there, that with the November season, with the 13 availability of the Fortymile herd, that the subsistence 14 users can take, easily can take more Fortymile caribou then 15 they've taken since the early 70s.

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MR. JAMES: Mr. Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Davey.

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MR. JAMES: Hey, Gardner. I just got two 22 questions here, I'm lost and I guess at the last three 23 meetings we had you here for at least an hour or well over 24 an hour discussing the Fortymile Caribou Herd, I think 25 sometime in the near future we should find a way to not 26 have you here so long, maybe some kind of workshop or 27 something to discuss this. But the one question I got, did 28 you say that you have an agreement with Canada or there is 29 no agreement with Canada in your Fortymile herd?

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MR. GARDNER: Well, I guess it's the 32 handshake agreement. It's an informal agreement. There's 33 no state department or anything else involved in this, 34 right, but the Fortymile Caribou Harvest Plan has an 35 informal agreement with the Yukon and with that, Tr'ondek 36 Hwech'in, that the total quota of the Fortymile caribou 37 would be subdivided between Alaska and Yukon.

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MR. JAMES: Yeah, the other question I got, 40 we're going back to like I said before in my opening 41 statement, catering to people again. We know, you know, as 42 users and managers that the caribou and the moose are all 43 rutting in October and there's just no use to shoot them 44 anymore. So then we're going to cater back to the people 45 again and we shoot caribou just for the horns because you 46 ain't going to do nothing with the meat, they're still 47 rutting and not tasting good or anything. So this proposal 48 is going back to October, why do we keep going back to 49 October when we know by the time November comes around the 50 moose meat will be good -- that caribou meat will be good

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to eat. And I think these questions need to be explained to the proposer, who was writing the proposal, you know.

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Because the other reasons that you have -we've been given the opportunity already from October to September, you know, freezers are full already. You know you got king salmon, you got fish, you got -- whatever you 8 got in your freezers. So you know we need to give the 9 animal time to regroup back.

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That's my comments. Thank you.

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MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I'll answer that 14 very briefly. The season was put forward to have a 15 placeholder there for us to work with. But, number 2, 16 there are two sexes of caribou and generally cows aren't a 17 problem to harvest at that time.

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Mr. Chairman, I have a series of questions 20 here if I may.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Go ahead.

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24 MR. GOOD: First we've been running a hunt 25 on the Nelchinas when they get over to the refuge area east 26 of Tok. Do you have any idea, Craig, how many caribou are 27 harvested there?

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MR. GARDNER: Yeah, I guess the last two 30 years has been the only two years since like '91 where 31 there's a Federal hunt and not a State hunt. This year, 32 talking about -- well, Connie's here, she can maybe correct 33 me, but I just talked to Ed Merritt and he said he thinks 34 around 50 were taken this November season. Last year, 35 actually the season was opened kind of behind the migration 36 so I don't think hardly any were taken last year. But I 37 think around 50 were taken this year.

38 39

MR. GOOD: Well, my comment there would be 40 as far as the eastern goes, you know, you have the 41 potential for solving a lot of your harvest problems for 42 subsistence hunters right there. A subsistence hunter will 43 go to the closest place he can to get meat because he wants 44 meat and he needs to fill the freezer and freezers are not 45 full, particularly in this area of the Interior, we don't 46 have -- if you think you got a salmon problem out there, 47 well, we just don't have salmon, which Craig can tell you 48 is the case. So we're not talking a huge impact then if 49 we're harvesting 50 caribou on that Federal hunt on the 50 Nelchinas. And, in fact, that will take care of a pretty

large portion of our Federal hunters right there.

5

6 7

The second thing is the spider web, you know, is -- well, the Fortymile River, is a problem for subsistence hunters. They have to be on the spider web and so does that caribou for them to harvest anything so I wonder how much real impact we'd have there. There are two other areas, Yukon-Charley and then over by Eagle, what would you see subsistence harvest as being in those two 10 areas?

11 12

MR. GARDNER: Yukon-Charley, actually the 13 harvest is quite low just because of access. I mean you 14 can get a boat down to the Yukon-Charley along the Yukon 15 but all the rest of it is pretty much airplane accessible 16 only. I think the fall harvest in Yukon-Charley is 17 actually almost entirely airplane people and it's less than 18 five. The winter travel into Yukon-Charley probably 19 happens more from the Central side than from the Eagle 20 side. But actually I didn't see any caribou harvested from 21 Yukon-Charley this winter.

22 23

The other Federal land out of Eagle, they 24 actually have to get O'Brien Creek is the next -- Columbia 25 Flats, O'Brien Creek is actually a fairly good snowmachine 26 ride across the summit for them, so they actually killed 27 around 10, 12 caribou this year but most of those caribou 28 were not on Federal land.

29 30

MR. GOOD: Yeah, and the point I'm making 31 here is, in drafting this, there was no limit put on there 32 because the number of hunters and the number of land itself 33 is a limiting factor immediately as is the availability of 34 the Nelchina herd, which is much closer. These people will 35 take the closest caribou they can, they don't want to go 36 further.

37

38 MR. GARDNER: Some of that's correct, Nat. 39 Fifty caribou was a nice gift to people in that area. 40 mean probably kind of like in other places, moose hunting 41 was not very good around there. But actually they kill a 42 lot more than that and also they've shown the ability, like 43 I've said, in the past, to get caribou when they are 44 available. And in 1987, 1988 and 1992, actually there were 45 big kills of caribou along the Taylor Highway and in 1992 46 that happened on Federal land and in '89 it happened on 47 Federal land. I mean in November and in parts of the year 48 the Fortymile herd can be very much camped in the spider 49 web or the Fortymile River system and are actually quite 50 accessible. And like I said, they killed 190 caribou and

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that was primarily just residents from Tok with a few from Tanacross, who knows, Chuck might have been there, but they killed 190 caribou in just like four days. So, no, they have a much greater ability to take caribou than just the 50 caribou indicates.

MR. GOOD: And if they don't and proves you to be wrong, then what?

MR. GARDNER: That's the beauty of your 11 system, you're here every year, you know, and we can change 12 that. I think that's kind of what the authors of the 13 harvest plan were asking, is that, let's go this first 14 year, let's try it and if we're wrong let's correct it but 15 let's not be wrong in the other way. You know, let's not 16 basically take away the growth rate of the herd.

You know, Craig asked me what I would like 19 to see, I would like to see what a November season -- 20 basically, you know, 30 days of no competition hunting, you 21 know, on a herd that has historically shown to be available 22 on Federal land during that time period can do for the 23 harvest for the subsistence user.

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, what do you think 26 about that Nat?

MR. GOOD: Well, I think we have to hear 29 from everybody and then I think we ought to discuss the 30 items of flexibility that we have as a group here. But I 31 have some other questions here. Well, first I'd like to 32 make a point, the Fortymile team no longer exists at this 33 point, right?

35 MR. GARDNER: Correct. They stepped down 36 last December.

MR. GOOD: Right. Second, when this whole 39 thing started basically there was a promise made, stick 40 with us for five years and we'll have it.

MR. GARDNER: I think their promise was 43 that they would be in, yeah, for five years and they would 44 put forth recommendations, you know, for herd management 45 and then they'd step down with the idea, of course, that 46 their successes would be built upon the next group of 47 people that were working on decisions.

MR. GOOD: Okay. Next, you know, I asked 50 you this once before but this is just a matter of curiosity

with me, have you worked at all with the Army? Because the real concern and you've mentioned it already, the Fortymile herd is moving south. And if they do once again, go from Hundredmile by Mount Hayes over to Black Rapids, they'll be crossing the biggest bombing range in the United States and that could decimate that herd a lot faster than any subsistence hunters.

7 8

MR. GARDNER: No, if they met a bomb, that 10 would be bad. But actually there's data on that because 11 the Delta herd lives right next to the bombing range and 12 they're actually on the bombing range quite often. And the 13 amazing thing about it is the Delta herd radio-collared -- 14 you know, a lot of radio collars on the Delta herd and 15 they're not losing caribou due to the bombing range. So I 16 mean some how caribou and the bombing range and moose and 17 the bombing range seem to get along.

18 19

MR. GOOD: But that could be very different 20 when you're talking 200,000 caribou. And this group would 21 actually be crossing the range completely, no question 22 about going behind it or between them. So that's a concern 23 I have, anyway. We don't really have any way to accurately 24 estimate what a Federal harvest would be. Now, Chuck and I 25 did a phone survey that went through the different villages 26 from Eagle on south and picked up Tanacross and Northway 27 and so forth and there were several concerns expressed by 28 these people. Number 1 among them was the impact of the 29 outside hunters who they feel are much more efficient and 30 their ability to take game is so much higher than theirs 31 because they've got all the equipment, all the gear. 32 we're already well aware of what the State has done with 33 the Nelchina herd and basically we can anticipate that this 34 fall there will be a lot of Anchorage hunters, hunters from 35 everywhere that used to hunt the Nelchina herd will now be 36 taking the Fortymile, and that the number that is on it is 37 relatively small. So there's going to be a very high They're concerned about getting a real 38 impact hunt. 39 opportunity to get meat. So how do we make sure that those 40 animals aren't simply harvested by the urban hunters? 41 I think that's where we're getting back to setting a 42 Federal limit. If we set a Federal limit here, how will 43 that impact the limits that you have?

44

MR. GARDNER: Actually you hit on three 46 things. Okay, one, Nat, take you back -- I kind of didn't 47 think my answers through on the military site, but, you 48 know, we've been quite successful working with the military 49 and moving the military activities around caribou herd. 50 You know, we have the web site, we actually have an

agreement with them. So I would think if there's 200,000 caribou we're going to know that. So we can basically contact the military and begin a working agreement. It's been quite successful actually. So I think that concern can be hopefully a little bit limited.

6 7

Okay, the impact of outside hunters; no The restrictions being put on the Nelchina harvest, you know, is going to make an impact where people go for 10 caribou and the Fortymile herd is going to be their best The beauty of the system that we have that actually 12 protects the Federal user is going to be the quota system 13 and the registration permit. Now, I know Eagle is quite 14 concerned with the influence of outside hunters up in their 15 area and I would assume that probably all the different 16 villages are. Under the registration permit, one, that 17 basically there's a fall season and there's a winter season 18 and there will be a Federal season that is not overlapped 19 by any of the State seasons. And so the fall quota, even 20 if it's met, will have no influence in what can be taken in 21 November by the Federal hunter, none. You know, because 22 there's -- you know, basically that's a fall quota and it 23 will be managed for that.

24

25 Now, also under a registration permit, 26 there is and it says it right in the harvest plan that, you 27 know, the Board has pretty much told me to follow, that if 28 that herd at any point is vulnerable to excessive harvest I 29 shut it down. So I know the big concern is, let's say, 30 Chicken Trail, people that have much -- like you said, they 31 got a four-wheeler sitting available to them and you know 32 they have much better machines and they can get further 33 back. Now, if that herd stands on Chicken Trail, and we've 34 done this, I shut the Chicken Trail down. It's a temporary 35 closure. Okay. And under a discretionary permit --36 discretionary authority of the permit I can do that, in 37 fact, the Game Board's told me to do that. And so there's 38 no reason for you guys to trust me to do that, but the 39 authority is there and I guess we have been successful now 40 to run, I think, close to 25 registration permit hunts in 41 the last eight years and we've only went over the quota 42 once. So we have the ability, basically in the Tok office 43 to run registration permits, and I think we can protect 44 that Federal harvest.

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46 MR. GOOD: Where will these registration 47 permits be available?

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MR. GARDNER: The registration permits for 50 the Central hunt will be basically available Central,

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Fairbanks, basically the Fish and Game offices across the state so people have to go there. And also in Central. Okay, so people there can just walk over to Crabb's Corner and get one. The same with Eagle, they'll be at the Park Service office and at the store. And for Tok, at the office and the sporting goods store. And they'll be in 6 7 Delta. So they're going to actually be quite available, 8 more available than they were in the past.

9 10

MR. GOOD: I guess the question is more 11 like, what about out of area hunters, will they have to 12 come to the area to get a permit?

13 14

MR. GARDNER: No. They'll be able to get 15 permits now outside of area, like we'll have them available 16 in Anchorage but only at the Fish and Game office. So 17 they're still going to have to make a stop where it's not 18 as easy as going to a vendor but, no, they'll be able to 19 get a permit.

20 21

MR. GOOD: Did you have anything else, 22 Craig? Mr. Chairman, maybe you'd want to see if anybody 23 else would like to comment on this?

24 25

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: You done, Craig?

26 27

MR. GARDNER: Yeah, for now. Yeah.

28 29

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Any more questions for 30 Craig? Thank you.

31 32

MR. GARDNER: Thank you.

33

34 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Is there anybody else 35 in the audience that wants to comment on the Fortymile herd 36 concerning Proposal 38, 39 and 40?

37

38 MS. FOX: I'd like to follow Pete's 39 presentation.

40

41 MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, I believe we're in 42 agency comments. I think we can have BLM approach the 43 bench and provide their comments to Proposal 38.

44

MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, maybe at this 45 46 time it would be appropriate for Staff to give you a brief 47 presentation on 38, 39 that reflects the analysis before 48 you get into comments that way you can be caught up to 49 speed before you go onto other agency comments.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Go ahead, Pete.

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MR. DeMATTEO: Okay. As Mr. Gardner did a very good job on the breakdown on the biology situation of the Fortymile herd, just to reiterate Proposal 38 again was submitted by this Council and basically requests changes in the season and harvest limit for caribou in 20(E) and 25(C), okay. And basically you're asking for an additional 57 days of opportunity from the existing season and you're 10 asking for one caribou which does match the State's 11 upcoming season. And also you're asking for no harvest 12 quota. The State's harvest quota would be 850 caribou 13 overall, what you're asking for on the Federal side there 14 to be no quota to adhere to.

15 16

Proposal 39 was submitted by the Upper 17 Tanana Fortymile Advisory Committee. Their proposal 18 requests, again, changes in the season and harvest limits 19 in the same subunits and they request an additional 27 days 20 of opportunity to harvest caribou. They changed the 21 harvest limit from one bull to one caribou. But they would 22 adopt the State's quota of 850 caribou which is opposite 23 from your proposal.

24 25

Those are the two proposals that you have 26 before. Forty, I'll leave for the end because that's 27 totally a different situation.

28 29

Again, you mentioned the quota and I think 30 you heard from Mr. Gardner the extenuating circumstances, 31 situations that it may cause if you have no quota. 32 lands in 25 -- George, do you have a map for this area? 33 think you also have a map in front of you on your table. 34 Basically the lands we're talking about here, if you look 35 at the map, is essentially this area here and below the 36 Steese highway and if Proposal 40 is adopted it also will 37 include a small area up here north of the Steese Highway 38 and that would be the western hunt. And if we could have 39 the other map. Then on the eastern side, basically as we 40 mentioned before you're talking about the Fortymile Wild 41 and Scenic River Corridor which is this skinny piece of 42 land. So the Federal harvest as you would propose the 43 quota above the 850 would have to adhere to that area. 44 Just so you know that.

45

46 If your proposal was adopted, the agencies 47 would have to come up with a separate Federal permit which 48 would be quite a challenge. It would also require an in-49 season tracking system which would have to happen and we'd 50 have to share that with the State because the State, quite

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possibly, have to absorb any additional harvest on their side.

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Mr. Gardner pointed out that any additional harvest above the 850 would probably not be severely detrimental to the herd in the near future but it has other effects that ripple in other areas as well that he well pointed out, particularly on the Canada side. Canada has 9 their own management and objectives for their side and they 10 had hoped that the herd would grow to the point where it 11 expands to the other side of the border so they can open up 12 harvest for their people as well. Again, the analysis 13 supports your proposal simply because the few caribou that 14 you would take is not going to biologically impact the herd 15 to the point where it's going to shut them down. 16 think we're pretty much in agreement with the Department of 17 Fish and Game that, yes, from a biological analysis there 18 is no short-term detrimental impacts to the herd. Just so 19 you know that the other circumstances also need to be 20 considered as well.

21 22

And that's basically what I have for you.

23 Thank you. 24

25 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Concerning Proposal 38, 26 it was submitted by us.....

27 28

MR. GOOD: Yeah, that was submitted by us. 29 Jim and I sat down with Pete and we just worked up 30 something so that we would have a placemarker in here to 31 work with. And it was biologically based, in that, there's 32 nothing that it would do to harm the herd. What we're 33 talking about is rate of growth here, that it could impact 34 the rate of growth of the herd depending on how many 35 caribou are taken and that's kind of a vague question as to 36 how many would even be taken here. I think that my primary 37 concern is that the subsistence hunters do harvest their 38 meat. I'm not talking about being able to go hunting, I'm 39 talking about actually getting meat to put on their tables 40 and in their freezers.

41 42

42 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: So you guys put this 43 proposal together to give more opportunity to the local 44 residents instead of having to compete in the open season 45 hunt?

46

MR. GOOD: Yeah, it is our very strong 48 belief that you will see this herd impacted by people from 49 all over the state. It's going to be the new target of 50 opportunity with the closing largely of the Nelchina hunt.

All of those Nelchina hunters, State hunters will be, as Craig stated, you know, heading for the Fortymile. This is where they can get a tag and drive relatively close and they can take their four-wheelers and other equipment or even fly in and get caribou.

5 6 7

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I wonder if I could call Craig back up here again because Pete touched on something that I would like to talk to Craig on here. This deals with the permit system. My question would be, if we establish limits, you 11 know, some type of harvest limits on there, what does it 12 take to make it possible to have this joint permit? Now, I 13 recognize that the Nelchina is not a joint permit and that 14 it is not impossible for us to issue our own permits but 15 there are advantages to keeping them together as well. 16 Craig.

17 18

MR. GARDNER: I would think that as long as 19 there was a quota, you know, something that I can manage 20 for through the harvest plan, knowing what the Federal 21 quota is, knowing that, you know, knowing what the number 22 is and knowing that the hunts would be closed following 23 once that quota was reached, that we could continue a joint 24 permit because then we would have a number that, you know, 25 both sides would be managing under. That's what I expect.

26 27

MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, if there's nobody 28 else that would like to comment on this issue, I'd like to 29 make sure everybody has a chance, but if there is nobody 30 else I'm looking at the time up there and it's almost noon 31 and wondering if the two Craigs, Jim and Chuck and I might 32 get together to talk about this real quick and we could 33 either declare a break or go for lunch at this point?

34 35

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: I'll leave it up to the 36 Board, it looks like everybody's nodding so we'll just go 37 for a break and these guys could work it out on the lunch 38 break. What you got, Peggy?

39

40 MR. GOOD: Would it take very long, Peggy? 41 It would be nice to hear everybody on this issue and then 42 go from there?

43 44

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Peggy, go ahead.

45 46

MS. FOX: Thank you, Mr. Chair and Council 47 members. I wanted to take the opportunity to address this 48 proposal, it is a very difficult one for the Council and 49 for the agencies.

Now, Proposal 38 seems to seek to accomplish two things and that is to increase the subsistence opportunity to go from one bull to one caribou and also in terms of lengthening the season and removing the quota which is a restriction on subsistence users. Secondly, it seeks to provide a priority for Federallyqualified subsistence users. Now, the role of our office is to clearly focus on the ANILCA mandate and so I wanted to offer some comments with regard to the Staff analysis 10 and also with regard to our role.

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ANILCA directs us to protect and provide 13 for the continuation of the subsistence opportunity while 14 maintaining healthy populations of fish and wildlife and 15 providing for the continuation of customary and traditional 16 practices. Analysis of proposed changes to Federal 17 regulations are based basically on two questions. What are 18 the biological impacts and secondly, what are the affects 19 on Federally-qualified subsistence users? Adoption of 20 either Proposal 38 or 39 would increase subsistence 21 opportunity by increasing the number of caribou for 22 harvest, lengthening the season and providing for the 23 taking of any caribou instead of a bulls only harvest.

24 25

Where the proposed actions differ is 26 significant from an ANILCA standpoint. Proposal 38 clearly 27 speaks to the ANILCA mandate in that it provides for a 28 clear priority for Federally-qualified subsistence users. 29 Proposal 39 does not. In fact, the registration permit is 30 available to not only all state residents but also to non-31 residents.

32 33

Now, joint State and Federal management 34 regimes are especially important when there are 35 conservation issues or otherwise there are agreed to common 36 goals or objectives that benefit all users of a fish and 37 wildlife population. In this case when recovery of the 38 Fortymile Caribou Herd was paramount, conservation of the 39 population is everyone's first priority. Now, that that 40 herd is recovering, it is appropriate to reevaluate the 41 level of participation of the Federally-qualified 42 subsistence users in a State/Federal management regime. 43 The Council has done this and challenges the need to adhere 44 to the harvest plan objectives and quota. The Staff 45 analysis supports Proposal 38 because it appropriately 46 asserts the ANILCA mandate that Federally-qualified 47 subsistence users be provided a priority for available 48 resources.

49 50

The State and some other Federal agency

representatives are questioning the proposed deviation from the harvest plan and argue for a cohesive unified approach to management. This perspective does have merit and needs to be heard and considered. But that's not our role in the Office of Subsistence Management, and so you'll find us, at times, in opposition with other Federal agencies and the State, given our focus.

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ANILCA doesn't require, I will say neat 10 packages, at times it can become very messy and we need to 11 work out other arrangements.

12 13

Proposal 38, if adopted by the Boar would 14 require the State modify its harvest plan because a quota 15 will not compromised. As Craig has indicated, they will 16 adjust to try to adhere to the overall objectives of herd 17 growth. I do not believe that there is a threat to 18 delaying herd growth. I believe that we are still all 19 focused on the same objective and that is the recovery of 20 the herd. IT does require an adjustment to address the 21 Federal priority.

22 23

So, in other words, I guess what I'm trying 24 to say is that the Federal harvest would be preemptive and 25 the State will have to make adjustments with management of 26 the total numbers. I think that concludes my comments 27 unless there are questions.

28 29

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Any questions for 30 Peggy? Taylor, you wanted to say something? Thank you, 31 Peggy.

32 33

MR. FOX: Thank you.

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35 MR. BRELSFORD: Thank you very much, Mr. 36 Chairman. I'll have three points to make for the benefit 37 of the Council and in the service of the more transparent 38 and forthright dialogue and discussion, I first have to 39 register on the record my surprise at the fact that in 40 reviewing Staff work several weeks ago we had an agreement 41 from the Office of Subsistence Management that some options 42 would be provided to the Council. When we received the 43 written material 10 days ago, we realized that that 44 agreement had not been upheld. When I drew this to the 45 attention of management last week, Thursday, I was assured, 46 again, that this set of options for the consideration of 47 the Council would be offered today and yet I find now that 48 three times running, this opportunity for the agencies to 49 work together has not been followed through. I regret 50 needing to make this visible to the Council, but I think it

is a matter of very strong concern as to how we will work together in the five agencies to do our best work.

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I'd like to turn to a second suggestion from Ms. Fox's remarks and that is Proposal 38 would provide for no priority for Federally-qualified subsistence users as required by ANILCA. That is a bold statement. think it is perhaps a bit beyond the line. I think we were 9 convinced and the reason the BLM has had a lot of concern 10 about supporting and maintaining the plan is precisely 11 because the plan provides for effective opportunities for 12 the priority for Federally-qualified subsistence users. I 13 don't know how many times you heard this morning that the 14 entirety of the November season would be exclusive to the 15 Federally-qualified subsistence users, I hope you haven't 16 lost sight of that.

17 18

Craig.

19 20

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, someone just asked 21 me who you were so you might want to let us know who you 22 are and who you work for.

23 24

MR. BRELSFORD: Thanks. Sorry. I'm Taylor 25 Brelsford. I'm speaking in my new capacity as the Staff 26 Committee representative for the Bureau of Land Management. 27 I've had occasion to meet and work with many of you over 28 the years as a former -- as an employee of the Office of 29 Subsistence Management. And as of about a month and a half 30 ago my responsibilities now have to do with ensuring that 31 the Federal land management agency concerns of the BLM are 32 represented fully in the Staff work and fairly before the 33 Council.

34 35

The third point that I'd like to make, 36 finally, is that I think some of the discussion, Nat has 37 initiated it, others have followed, on the idea of revising 38 Proposal 38 to stay with some sort of a quota in hopes of 39 continuing a joint hunt and some of these other benefits 40 that come from a plan, a measured systematic approach to 41 continuing to promote herd growth. I want to plead with 42 you to look at very closely at ways to stay as close as 43 possible to the management plan, to the herd plan.

44

45 I would like to then conclude by making 46 sure it is clear and accurate in your minds that the BLM 47 views represented on the latter pages of the Staff analysis 48 were wrongly characterized. The BLM did not support 49 Proposal 38 and instead proposed and urges a modification 50 that would expand the season, some of the expanded harvest

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  opportunity makes sense but....
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Excuse me, Taylor, we
  already made little things earlier that the two Craigs and
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  the two Jims work together on this. Could you save this to
6
  work together with these guys so we could -- like some
7
  people want to go to lunch and stuff.
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9
                   MR. BRELSFORD: Happy to do that.
10 you.
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12
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: I'm sorry to cut in but
13 could that be done? Is that good head nods from you guys.
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15
                   (Council nodding affirmatively)
16
17
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Okay.
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                  MR. GOOD: One quick comment, though, I
20 really don't like to see the agencies arguing with each
21 other, I think that Peggy did a very good job of
22 summarizing the actual proposal. I think she did say that
23 we have some problems to deal with here. I don't think
24 you're that far off in terms of what you said, so, please,
25 let's not fight amongst ourselves here. I think we
26 understand where you're coming from Taylor.
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28
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: So these two Jims and
29 these two Craigs are going to work together on this
30 proposal with Taylor or.....
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32
                   MR. GOOD: And myself and Chuck.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Okay, and Chuck, just
35 have a little work group here.
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37
                   MR. FLEENER: Whoever wants to join us.
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39
                   MR. GOOD: We'll just stay here.
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41
                  MR. FLEENER: Everybody that wants to leave
42 and go to lunch, the rest of you who want to stay and talk
43 with us we'll be up here.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Let's recess for lunch
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46 and come back at 1:30 and reconvene.
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                   MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, just briefly for
49 clarification, Proposal 38 is still on the table, right,
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50 and then we'll come back for agency comments. Thanks.

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1 (Off record)
2
3 (On record)
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5 CHAIRMAN NIC

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Let's everybody have their seats and we'll call this meeting back to order.

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MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, I believe we're on 9 Proposal 38 and the Council went into a work session to 10 discuss the Fortymile Caribou Herd and has the Council made 11 a recommendation for the proposal? Pete, are you going to 12 present that?

13 14

MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, for the record, 15 before the lunch break the Council heard all the 16 presentations on Proposal 38, 39 and also from the 17 Department of Fish and Game you heard a presentation on the 18 current status of the Fortymile Caribou Herd. During the 19 lunch break we had a work session, all the key parties and 20 I believe the product of that work session was a revision 21 to your existing Proposal No. 38. Does the Council concur 22 with this?

23 24

MR. GOOD: Yes, we do.

25 26

26 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Well, I'd like to hear 27 the revision since I was gone.

28 29

MR. DeMATTEO: Okay, hearing concurrence from the Council I'll read the revision. The revision to Proposal 38 is as follows: It increases the harvest limit from one bull caribou to one caribou for Unit 25(C) remainder, now, bear with me on the remainder part, we'll get to that shortly. But it's Unit 25(C) remainder and the quota for the -- the season you'd be adopting for the fall would be August 10th to September 30th with a joint State/Federal quota of 225 caribou. The winter season for Unit 25(C) remainder would be November 1st through February 28th with a joint State/Federal quota of 210 caribou. The 40 210 caribou will be shared with Unit 20(E) of which 50 will 41 be reserved for a harvest objective for Federally-qualified 42 subsistence users. That's 25(C) remainder.

43

For 20(E), the revised season for the 45 proposal is August 10th through September 30th with a joint 46 State/Federal quota of 320 caribou for the fall season. For the winter season, November 1st through February 28th with 48 a joint State/Federal quota of 210 caribou for the winter 49 season. The 210 caribou shall be shared with Unit 25(C) 50 which 50 will be reserved as a harvest objective for

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   Federally-qualified subsistence users.
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                    And that is the revised language for your
  Proposal 38.
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                    CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Everybody understands
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   that?
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                    MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I move that we
10 adopt this as the amendment to Proposal 38.
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                    MR. FLEENER: Second.
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14
                    MR. MILLER: Question.
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                    CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Nat Good moved to adopt
16
17 the proposal, revisions to Proposal 38 -- question....
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19
                    MR. JAMES: Is this with the same dates of
20 October 21st through March 31st or are we just talking
21 about the quota?
22
23
                    MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, to answer Mr.
24 James question and, that is, during the work session
25 everyone seemed to agree that considering the quality of
26 the meat during October it would be best to go to a
27 November season and now what you're proposing is a November
28 1st through November 30th season, which, in a sense, is
29 open to Federally-qualified subsistence users.
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31
                    CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: That answers your
32 question Davey?
33
34
                    MR. JAMES: Yeah, thank you.
35
36
                    MR. FLEENER:
                                  Question.
37
38
                    MR. GOOD: Could I get Pete to readdress
39 that season?
40
                   MR. DeMATTEO:
41
                                   To clarify, the season would
42 go from November 1st through February 28th overall. But
43 you're talking about changes from the revised language to
44 the original proposal. The original proposal went from
45 August 20 through March 31st. In your revision you dropped 46 the March 1st through the 31st season, and you also dropped
47 the 10 day season in October and you're going with
48 essentially -- what is different from the State, is the
49 November season, is what I was getting across.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Okay, Proposal 38, as
   revised has been moved, seconded and question has been
  called. All those in favor of the revised Proposal 38,
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  signify by saying aye.
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6
                   IN UNISON:
                               Aye.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Opposed, same sign.
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10
                   (No opposing votes)
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Proposal 38 as revised
13 is adopted.
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                   MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, in keeping with
16 the program here now, the Council has to consider Proposal
17 39 that was submitted by the Upper Tanana Fortymile
18 Advisory Committee. And of course you supported your own
19 proposal with the revision but on the record you have to
20 decide whether you support 39 or not.
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22
                   MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I move that we
23 adopt Proposal 39, and this will be for purposes of
24 defeating it.
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                   MR. FLEENER:
                                 Second.
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28
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Discussion.
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                   MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, we've covered
31 everything in 38 and we've come to agreement on it, 39
32 becomes superfilous and therefore I ask for question.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It's been moved,
35 seconded, the question has been called. All those in favor
36 of Proposal 39 signify by saying aye.
37
38
                   MR. GOOD: Aye -- oh, no, I take that back.
39
40
                   (No aye votes)
41
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: All those opposed to
43 Proposal 39 signify by aye.
44
45
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
46
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Proposal 39 fails.
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49
                   MR. FLEENER: Let the record show that Nat
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50 supported it.

00045 (Laughter) 1 2 3 MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I move to adopt 4 Proposal 40. 5 6 MR. MILLER: Second. 7 8 MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, do you wish to 9 hear what 40 is all about, first? 10 11 MR. FLEENER: Yeah, we've brought on the 12 table for discussion, that's the usual procedure we haven't 13 been following to get it on the floor. 14 15 (Laughter) 16 17 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Go ahead. 18 19 MR. DeMATTEO: Proposal 40 was submitted by 20 the Eastern Interior Council. And this proposal requests a 21 change in the area description for Unit 25(C) -- and if we 22 could have the map, George -- if you look at the map for 23 25(C), essentially the regulatory description -- the 24 current regulatory description for the Federal regulations 25 divides the subunit using the Steese Highway as a dividing 26 descriptor. So essentially right now we have the area 27 south and east of the Steese Highway, which is there and we 28 have the Federal lands, the BLM lands north and west of the 29 Steese Highway, which is here. The State changed that 30 descriptor, essentially because as the Fortymile Caribou 31 Herd is increasing in size and also its distribution to the 32 west, we need to put a regulatory buffer in between the two 33 herds, that is, the Fortymile Caribou and also the White 34 Mountain Caribou Herd which is -- I'm not sure of the 35 number but it's under 2,000 animals. So what the State 36 opted to go with is the Preacher/American Creek has a 37 regulatory descriptor for this area rather than using the 38 Steese Highway. So essentially what you would have here is 39 the area north and west and then instead of having the area 40 south and east, now we have the area as a remainder. 41 the remainder is everything south and east of the 42 Preacher/American Creek area. So if you expanded this area 43 that is to the south of the Steese Highway to also include 44 a small area, well, I guess a relatively small area to 45 north of the highway. 46 47 Staff recommends that you adopt this 48 regulatory change as a protection -- as a regulatory buffer 49 protection for the Steese White Mountain Herd. And that's

50 essentially it in a nutshell. The other thing you should

consider is that the Board of Game last year also upped the harvest quota for this White Mountain Herd, from 30 to 100 caribou. It would certainly save me a whole lot of paperwork if you were to revise your proposal right now to request that the Federal Board do the same, up the harvest 6 quota from 30 to up to 100, but that is your choice, of The Board of Game adopted this last year which makes the State regulations more liberal than the Federal regulations for the area north and west of the Steese 10 Highway.

11 12

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That's it.

13

14 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: So Pete you're saying 15 that instead of 20 bulls here you want it to be 100?

16 17

MR. DeMATTEO: What I'm saying, Mr. Chair, 18 is that I recommend that you revise your existing proposal 19 to also request that the Board do a regulatory change for 20 the harvest limit for the area north and west of the Steese 21 Highway from 30 bulls up to 100 bulls and that would match 22 the harvest quota of the State.

23 24

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: So in reality you're 25 just aligning the Federal deal with the State?

26 27

MR. DeMATTEO: Correct.

28 29

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Craig.

30 31

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, could we get the 32 State guys up here so we could get the State perspective on 33 the rest of these proposals? Thank you State guy.

34

35 MR. HAYNES: Mr. Chairman, I'll make two 36 comments. I'll comment on this proposal if you like.

37

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Terry state your name.

38 39 40

MR. HAYNES: Terry Haynes, Department of 41 Fish and Game, State Federal Subsistence Liaison team 42 member. I will comment on this proposal and then I want to 43 make a more general statement for your benefit.

44

45 The comments that the Department submitted 46 on the original proposal really focused on the part of the 47 proposal that's not really the key issue. Getting this 48 boundary adjustment in place is really what's important so 49 that when you see our written comments on Page 70 where we 50 do not support this proposal, we'll be making modifications

in our final set of comments to the Federal Board where we do support this proposal now because it does address an important issue and because the other concerns that we have are being addressed in Proposals 38 and 39.

5 6 7

The other comment that I want to make is a more general one, Mr. Chairman. You will not see Department Staff here regularly for this Council meeting. As much as we want to continue supporting and participating 10 in the Council process, for the time being our Commissioner 11 has directed Department Staff to cut down our participation 12 in Federal Subsistence Management and regulatory 13 activities. These activities are taking an increasing 14 amount of time of Department Staff and there are some 15 funding issues to be worked out with the Federal 16 Subsistence Program so that we can have adequate 17 compensation for devoting an increasing amount of 18 Department Staff time to this very important Federal 19 Subsistence Management process.

20 21

MR. FLEENER: We've been looking for 22 compensation, too, so don't feel too bad.

23 24

(Laughter)

25 26

MR. HAYNES: And I understand that. 27 being here, temporarily, is not how we would like to be 28 operating. I am very concerned about what our absence from 29 part of this meeting means and it's not because I don't 30 want to be here it's because that is the directive that has 31 gone out to Department Staff. We will not have any Staff 32 at all at some of the Regional Council meetings, so the 33 fact that we've been able to participate in part of this 34 meeting and we will try and come back and be available to 35 you should questions come up, we simply have to cut down on 36 our participation in the process for the time being.

37 38

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I'd like to ask 39 Terry a question. How are we supposed to address the rest 40 of the proposals, especially if there are changes like with 41 Proposal 40? We're going to go through the rest of the 42 proposals and they say do not support, how are we to know 43 that indeed that that's changed and you do now support? 44 Are you going to submit some sort of a memo to us or is 45 that also not allowed?

46 47

MR. HAYNES: Mr. Chairman, if we're not 48 here to provide with additional comments, you'll have to go 49 with what are provided for you in the book.

MR. FLEENER: Well, then Mr. Chair, I'd like to let Terry know that, of course, we appreciate his participation and that I personally am pretty unhappy with the direction that Frank has taken on this. I realize if 5 you guys have had an agreement and you're not getting the 6 money you're supposed to then you got to make a stand, but 7 we're certainly not going to be able to function like we need to without staff's input. And it's been very 9 beneficial in the past and I know it's only going to hurt 10 us in the long-run. And if you could let him know I'm that 11 I'm pretty unhappy about it, maybe it will do nothing, but 12 just if you could let him know, give him a ring when you 13 get back to the office and tell him I'm pretty unhappy 14 about it.

15

16 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: And another thing, 17 Terry, I wanted to mention, that is, I was going to mention 18 it in Anchorage at that meeting but I didn't feel like 19 sticking my neck out without the other two Council Chairs 20 with me. This split between, what Frank just did now, is 21 compromising both management agencies to successfully 22 manage limited resources for the increasing amount of users 23 of those resources. And what I see you guys doing here is 24 splitting. If it comes down to money, you know, money 25 should not be the issue here, it should be the issue of 26 managing cooperatively. That's what's got to be done. 27 Now, we've worked so hard together through the years and to 28 see this split now it's only going to hurt the resource 29 worse and it's going to hurt the users more, and we're 30 already hurting. So you relay that message from me to 31 Frank.

32 33

MR. HAYNES: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 34 share your concerns. I've been involved in this process 35 from Day 1 and we've made this -- the Department has made 36 this transition over the years from not being very 37 cooperative, in my opinion, to recognizing the importance 38 of cooperative management planning efforts, the Fortymile 39 Caribou plan is an excellent example of that, and also 40 working very closely with the Regional Councils. 41 personally disappointed that I'm not able to participate 42 fully in this meeting because I understand what it means to 43 our involvement in the regulatory process. I will pass 44 your comments on and Craig's comments on to the 45 Commissioner's office, and we appreciate that support you 46 have for our continued participation. Hopefully we can get 47 back to full speed in the very near future.

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MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I would like to 50 note that we are meeting in Fairbanks so the expense is

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greatly reduced so I would hope that you would be able to attend this meeting.

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MR. HAYNES: Mr. Chairman, that's why we will be here off and on because the meeting is in town and doesn't require travel expenses.

6 7 8

MR. GOOD: Well, Mr. Chairman, we currently have a motion on the floor. I believe Fish and Game has 10 indicated they actually support this, that they have no 11 real problems with it. I would like to take in Pete 12 DeMatteo's suggestion here and therefore, I move to amend 13 that motion to include alignment with the Steese White 14 Mountain Caribou Herd harvest, align it with the State, 15 move it from 30 to 100.

16 17

MR. FLEENER: I consider that a good 18 second, and we can just amend the original proposal and 19 second.....

20 21

MR. GOOD: That was a motion to.....

22 23

MR. FLEENER: Well, what I'm trying to do 24 is get away from having to vote on it and vote on the first 25 one, since I made the original motion and you seconded it, 26 didn't you?

27 28

MR. GOOD: Yes.

29

30 MR. FLEENER: So I think that we can bypass 31 that, yes, it's friendly.

32 33

MR. WILDE: I must be missing something 34 here. I keep hearing that this herd is way less and you 35 don't even know how small it is and we're going to up the 36 quota and we're going to shoot any cow or bull. Am I 37 missing something here?

38 39

MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, I would recommend 40 that you reflect that question to Fish and Game and maybe 41 they could shed some light as to why the Board of Game 42 changed the from 30 up to 100 caribou.

43 44

MR. WILDE: I think we brought this up at 45 Tanana and I never got much of an answer there either and 46 now it's getting worse.

47

48 MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, what we're looking 49 at is a State Board of Game regulations and that would have 50 to have been in place since last year, that had to be

something that was enacted by the Board of Game last year -- yes, and the Board of Game won't be meeting on the Interior again until next spring, a year from now. But they did this over a year ago. What we're looking at here is just coming into alignment with what the State has.

6 7

7 MR. FLEENER: But that doesn't answer his 8 question, if it's a problem of population crises or 9 whatever, why are we upping it? So maybe if Craig can come 10 up, it looks like he's pow-wowing back there now. Oh, 11 Craig.

12 13

(Laughter)

14 15

MR. GARDNER: Now, you're going to stretch 16 my knowledge here on the herd. But the proposal from the 17 State on the White Mountain Herd came from the Fairbanks 18 office here. And it came -- the first reason was because 19 it's very much under utilized, I guess, you know, they've 20 had long seasons or seasons in the past and, you know, 21 maybe very few animals are ever shot. And so the first 22 step was just to extend the season, you know, to give 23 people a lot more opportunity to get out there.

24 25

The upping the quota, Ruth was trying to 26 explain to me what she knew from the BLM side but to tell 27 you the truth, I don't really understand what the herd is 28 doing right now so I can't really answer that.

29 30

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Craig, this is 31 concerning the White Mountain Herd, right, do you know for 32 sure that herd is declining or is this on the -- because we 33 just heard Jim there and he said it's declining. And 34 answer this question for me, if the herd's declining and if 35 the Board upped the ante from 30 to 100 last year, what's 36 the rationale for that?

37 38

MR. GARDNER: Yeah, Gerald, I guess, 39 personally I don't know the trend of this herd. I mean we 40 can find out fairly quick. I think, Ruth, knows more about 41 it because Jim Heragus from her office does some of the 42 monitoring. But maybe Ruth can take that question.

43 44

MS. GRONQUIST: I tried to talk to Jim 45 before I came to this meeting but couldn't get ahold of 46 him.

47 48

48 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Ruth, could you state 49 your name.

MS. GRONQUIST: I'm sorry, Ruth Gronquist with BLM. There was a fairly concentrated effort to find out what that population is doing. They've been looking at it and have a general idea. I don't think they have a real 5 good idea right now if it's a declining trend but they 6 think that there might be fewer caribou in that herd then 7 they once thought. But they didn't have very good census data. I can't answer the questions of why the quota was raised except that it is a remote herd and it's difficult 10 to get to. It has been harvested below what Fish and Game 11 has felt it could be harvested. I don't think they've ever 12 come anywhere near to getting 30 caribou in the winter, 13 usually it's more like five, six, maybe as few as two. 14 think there was one year in the last 10 where they maybe 15 saw 11 harvested out of there in the winter. But some of 16 the more specific questions, I think we'd have to talk to 17 the Fairbanks regional staff or Jim Heragus from our 18 office.

19

20 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: From hearing that 21 concern on Proposal 40, I agree with moving the boundary 22 west -- northwest, but I don't agree with raising the 23 harvest limit from 30 to 100 without having concrete data 24 right here about the number of animals that we're dealing 25 with. I'm very reluctant to increase that after hearing 26 this. I was trying to compare it with the Fortymile but I 27 made a mistake there.

28 29

MR. GARDNER: Yeah, I know the way Pete 30 wants to do it, I don't know if it could be possible but we 31 could get the information for you, a quick phone call or 32 whatever over to the office and you can come back and deal 33 with it if you'd like.

34 35

MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chairman, as Craig 36 Gardner mentioned, one option you have is to defer this 37 until Staff can collect more information. The area you're 38 talking about -- or the herd you're talking about is not 39 under the management of Ruth nor Craig Gardner, so they 40 don't have sufficient information. That's not part of 41 their job. If you can hold on this and defer it, Staff can 42 make some phone calls and see what we can dig up for you.

43 44

MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to have 45 one question answered at this point, that is, if the State 46 sets a harvest goal of 100, and we have one of 30, when 30 47 animals are taken out of there, is our season over or does 48 it have to be 30 Federal permits filled?

49 50

MR. DeMATTEO: I believe -- and I hope this

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-- the Bureau of Land Management would have more information on that, I believe it's a joint State/Federal permit, and they're shaking their head yes. So in other words, when 30 -- as of now when 30 permits are filled, then it's over. But there is no such thing as filling 30 Federal permits. So if you filled 30 permits as being a 6 7 Federally-qualified subsistence user, the season would 8 still remain open as there is potentially up to 70 more out 9 there. Does that make sense?

10 11

MR. GOOD: Right. So they'd still be able 12 to hunt on the regular State permit, up to 100.

13

14 MR. DeMATTEO: There is no regular State 15 permit, it's a joint Federal/State permit.

16 17

MR. FLEENER: So it doesn't matter what we 18 do, it's going to be 100 no matter what?

19 20

MR. DeMATTEO: That is correct. It's going 21 to proceed anyways.

22

23

MR. FLEENER: Well, why don't we table this 24 until we get more information. But I don't even know if we 25 need any information. If we have no -- if we align with 26 them it doesn't matter, if we don't align it doesn't matter 27 because it will stay open until the 100 are met.

28 29

MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, let me point out 30 that that 100 is up to 100, which means that the people who 31 manage that hunt can use that as a sliding scale as they 32 need just to accommodate the herd.

33 34

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: But concerning the 35 population of the herd, I'm still reluctant to raise it.

36 37

MR. FLEENER: Well, Mr. Chair, I think I'd 38 like to withdraw my second for supporting that original 39 motion and I think we can clear Proposal 40 by supporting 40 the boundary part of it.

41

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Okay.

42 43

44 MR. FLEENER: And then if we want to get 45 more information on the second part, I think we should 46 separate it out.

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48 MR. GOOD: To clarify, we'll withdraw the 49 amendment to the original motion.

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                   MR. FLEENER: Yes.
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                   MR. GOOD: And then we can go ahead and get
  the business taken care of and do this later if it's
5
  necessary.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Who moved, you -- Nat
8
  Good moved, second by Craig to accept a northeast boundary
  but not to increase the harvest from 30 to 100. All those
10 in favor signify by saying aye.
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12
                   IN UNISON:
                                Aye.
13
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: All those opposed, same
15 sign.
16
17
                   (No opposing votes)
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: We'll defer the 30 to
20 100 for further analysis -- Staff will bring us further
21 analysis later.
22
MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, just for the 24 record because later on Staff has to read the transcripts
25 and it's no easy job, what you did basically was you
26 adopted -- or you're supporting your original proposal
27 without any amendment. And a couple of months from now
28 I'll be reading this and I'll thank myself for saying this
29 on the record. So as it is you're deferring action on your
30 amendment until later until you have more information.
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32
                   MS. HILDEBRAND:
                                     The amendment was
33 withdrawn.
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                   MR. FLEENER: It's true the amendment was
36 withdrawn but we still would like more information as to
37 why the State raised the quota from 30 to 100 with no
38 biological evidence for that.
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                   Mr. Chair, I move to adopt Proposal 36.
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                   MR. GOOD:
                               Second.
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                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Proposal 36 moved to
45 support. Discussion.
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                   MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, I'll introduce the
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48 proposal. Proposal 36 is to establish a brown season and 49 harvest limit in Unit 25 and I believe George is going to

50 do the Staff analysis presentation.

MR. SHERROD: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

Proposal 36 is a proposal you guys drafted last fall at

Tanana. When we drafted it -- or you directed the Staff to

draft it, I should say, it was to establish a season. It

then came to light that we lacked a C&T determination for

brown bear in what is known as the remainder of Unit 25.

The analysis has been broken into two parts, 36a which

deals with the C&T determination and 36b which deals with

the request for a season. If you vote down 36a, then

there's no need to take any action on Proposal 36b.

11 12

Prior to 1997, the Federal regulations did 13 not recognize a subsistence use of brown bear in Unit 25. 14 In spring of '97, the Federal Subsistence Board adopted a 15 customary and traditional use determination for brown bear 16 in the unit, however, season was not established until 17 regulatory year '99/2000. The current Unit 25 brown bear 18 customary and use determination is 25(D) residents of 19 25(D), 25 remainder which would be the other subunits, no 20 Federal open season. The proposed customary and 21 traditional use determination Unit 25(D), residents of Unit 22 25(D), 25 remainder would be residents of Unit 25, the 23 communities of Eagle and Eagle Village.

24 25

Demographic data is presented for these 26 communities in question on Page 8. And as you see we're 27 talking about a total population of roughly 1,700 Table 2 on Page 9 shows the existing 28 individuals. 29 customary and traditional use determinations for these 30 communities. All of the communities in question, with the 31 exception of Eagle and Eagle Village have a prescribed 32 customary and traditional use determination in Unit 25 by 33 the status of a no determination for black bear, caribou, 34 moose and sheep and some of the subunits, Eagle Village and 35 Eagle qualify. I'll note that Eagle and Eagle Village, 36 there has yet to be a customary and traditional use 37 determination made for Unit 20(E) that they're in so that 38 they basically have fallen through the cracks. 39 that they don't have use of the resources, there's never 40 been any research done to establish a customary and 41 traditional use determination for these communities.

42

As most of these communities already have a 44 customary and traditional use determination for some 45 portion of Unit 25, many of the eight factors have only 46 been briefly dealt with in the analysis. In drafting the 47 analysis and looking at harvest data, the question arose 48 about the community of Circle Hot Springs. Within the 49 harvest data record, there are no indication of Circle Hot 50 Springs actually harvesting resources, however, in going

back through the harvest data base it became apparent that there were more moose harvested in one year by residents of Central than there are people in Central. So I have to assume that people in Circle Hot Springs probably have a PO box in Central and therefore the harvest ticket data base is a little bit misleading, in that, maybe people in Circle Hot Springs really do take the resource.

The proposed conclusion is to support the 10 proposal and the proposed regulation would read, brown 11 bear, Unit 25(D), residents of Unit 25(D), Unit 25 12 remainder would be residents of Unit 25, Eagle and Eagle 13 Village and again the inclusion of Eagle and Eagle Village 14 has to do with their proximity to the border, the eastern 15 border of Unit 25.

MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Go ahead, Nat.

MR. GOOD: The effect of this proposal then 22 would be to limit access, Federal access to these villages?

MR. SHERROD: No. Currently instead of 25 having a no determination, we have a no subsistence use. 26 In other words, no subsistence user can harvest brown bear 27 in Unit 25 remainder, so it's a little different than like 28 the black bear where we have a no determination. So this 29 would be establishing a threshold of communities capable of 30 harvesting the resource in their area.

MR. GOOD: I guess my question is, couldn't 33 we open this up so that any Federal subsistence person 34 could take it, are we limiting it by opening it to just a 35 restricted number of communities?

MR. SHERROD: I know of no case where we've 38 gone from a no subsistence use to a no determination. I'm 39 not saying that can't be done but I'm not aware of any time 40 that the Federal Board has done that. Brown bear is unique 41 and in some cases, as with a dall sheep, in that, the 42 State, in certain units had determined that there was no 43 subsistence use of the resource and so we're trying -- and 44 this proposal is requesting reversing that determination 45 and saying there is a subsistence use of the resource. As 46 I say, prior to '97 there were -- the Federal regulations 47 did not recognize any subsistence use of brown bear in Unit 48 25. As I say, you pose a good question and I know that 49 sort of the thought in the past of this group is to open it 50 up as wide as possible. I'm not sure how proposing -- you,

know, how the Board would be receptive to going to a no determination.

3 4

(Laughter)

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14

15 18 correct.

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MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I'd like to ask a The only reason it's a problem is because it was 10 misidentified as a no subsistence use species, not because 11 there's any other known problem that you can think of? 12 was misidentified or maybe you don't want to say yes to 13 that, but it was identified as a no subsistence use?

MR. SHERROD: When the Federal program 16 adopted the State's regulations, it was identified in State 17 regulations as not having a subsistence use, that's

MR. FLEENER: But what the heck, uh?

MR. FLEENER: So I don't think it should be 21 a problem, Nat, to go with what you're saying because, you 22 know, I believe there's been subsistence use of brown bear 23 going on for a long time and just because someone failed to 24 document it, it doesn't mean it hasn't happened.

MR. GOOD: Well, it's just that I prefer 27 the no determination because I view the other approach to 28 be more limiting on a predator and I think Craig can speak 29 real well to the problems that he has in his area.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: So I'm almost kind of 32 lost here, we're trying to create an opportunity for people 33 to harvest a brown bear as a subsistence use?

MR. FLEENER: Correct.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: And then we're creating 38 -- at the same time, as this goes by, we're creating a C&T 39 use for this, in the same move, are we?

MR. SHERROD: We're trying to create --42 yes, recognize subsistence use of the resource. And I have 43 to add that this could be the first step, even though I 44 know the idea of going to a no determination would open to 45 anybody, anyone in the future could apply to be included in 46 this. I think the Board is going to look heavily at the 47 data before you, and right now the only data you have in 48 front of you is data specific to these communities that was 49 identified in there. If next year someone else wants to be 50 included then they can apply and then we can go through the process again or even at the point if when we, next fall, when we take up drafting new proposals, if it's the view of this group that maybe a proposal should be drafted expanding, looking at all potential users and we could revisit that again next March, but I would say that the Board would feel a lot more comfortable going with what's in front of you right now at this point in time and we'll just try to rectify -- I guess it would be my short-sightedness when I did this analysis.

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I don't have a 12 problem going with the no determination but is there a 13 biological reason that we should not go to a no 14 determination?

MR. SHERROD: The policy of the Board and the way that the program has evolved is that C&T last determination are not tied to biological issues. In other words, you look at the resource and say, did someone use it for subsistence and if so, who used it for subsistence and then you have to deal with, are there enough to go around then you have to deal with, are there enough to go around so the .804 process and whatever, but that's been held distinct from customary and traditional use determinations. We have determinations, for example, in which there is no ability to harvest resources. They simply will not withstand, you know, the pressure. So I think we have to keep the two as separate issues.

MR. FLEENER: Okay, keeping the two as 30 separate issues, is there a biological problem with opening 31 the bear season up for potentially additional harvest if 32 there would be any?

MR. SHERROD: That's the subject of 36b.

MR. FLEENER: Oh, okay. Yeah, that's true, 37 yes, you're right. Well, I don't think we actually 38 separated 36a and b out, so I think we can discuss -- 39 because we just put 36 on the table, so if you want to 40 delve into that I don't think it will be a problem.

MR. SHERROD: Okay. Well, in a nutshell, 43 no, there's not a biological issue. The harvest guidelines 44 that the State has established for brown bear have not been 45 met in these units so currently there is not an issue. The 46 season proposed is slightly more liberal than the existing 47 State season but there does not appear to be a biological 48 concern with establishing a Federal subsistence season in 49 the remainder of Unit 25. In 25(D), for example, it's a 50 year-round season right now with a bear a year.

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MR. FLEENER: Thank you, George.
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                   MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, looking under
  written public comments.....
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                   MR. FLEENER: What Page?
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                   MR. GOOD: Make it Page 4 and again on Page
   2 -- well, anyway, let's look at Page 4 and I think you'll
10 find that the Upper Tanana Advisory Committee, Mike Cronk
11 has written, for example, Mike Cronk is from Northway; he
12 writes in support of the proposal with the amendment that
13 all rural residents be made eligible to have C&T and thus
14 harvest bears. So you're talking about some of the other
15 communities in the area. Mike is on the Upper Tanana, he
16 is the Chairman, I believe, of it, he's from Northway
17 himself and basically what he was asking for is no
18 determination. He does the same thing on both 36a and 36b.
19 If we pass these, I would really like to take note of his
20 comments here and that we would like to see this happen in
21 the future.
22
23
                   MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I'd like to ask
24 you Nat, do you think it would be easier to get this
25 proposal adopted if we ignored the idea of a no
26 determination or do you think that there wouldn't be --
27 well, how do you think the Board would handle it?
28
29
                   MR. GOOD: Mr. Chairman, I think I'd go
30 along with what George said, that they have all the data
31 here to back taking action this far and that this would at
32 least open the door to a season and maybe next year or
33 whatever we might be able to go further with this to no
34 determination. I don't know, we could try no determination
35 but I don't know how they would react either.
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA:
                                       Is there any public
38 comment concerning Proposal 36 from anyone?
39
40
                   MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, maybe we can ask for
41 agency comments and then public comments.
42
43
                   MR. FLEENER:
                                 They left.
44
45
                   MR. MIKE:
                             They have all left so, okay.
46
47
                   MR. GARDNER: Mr. Chair, Craig Gardner,
48 Fish and Game.
49
50
                   MR. FLEENER: He's not from 25 is he.
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MR. GARDNER: I called over and talked to the caribou biologist over in the Fairbanks office here and he basically said what Jim Wilde just said, that the White Mountain Herd's actually declined. They did a census this summer and the State's also going to change their proposal, I would assume next Board cycle and drop it back down and I asked him what number did he think was appropriate for the White Mountains right now and he said 30.

MR. FLEENER: Well, that was previous 11 discussion on caribou, thank you, we're talking about brown 12 bears now. I didn't -- you're not interested in brown 13 bears in Unit 25, are you? 14 he said

MR. GARDNER: I know about as much about 17 brown bears in 25 as I did caribou in the White Mountains.

19 MR. FLEENER: All right, but thank you for 20 the update.

MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, like Nat Good was 23 saying, there's one public comment received on this 24 proposal and that was submitted by Mike Cronk on behalf of 25 the Upper Tanana Fortymile Game Board and he basically 26 supported the proposal with an amendment that all rural 27 residents be eligible to have C&T in thus harvest brown 28 bears.

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, if somebody would 31 be kind enough to read the ADF&G comments since they are no 32 longer with us, that would be good. I don't know if you 33 want to do it, Donald, or what, but somebody needs to 34 represent those poor people.

MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, is there an ADF&G 37 representative out there that can address this, if not, I 38 can just go ahead and read it off the book?

The ADF&G comments, basically comments were 41 deferred. The Federal Board must initially determine if 42 there are customary and traditional uses of brown bear in 43 Units 25(A), (B) and (C) before a Federal subsistence brown 44 bear season can be established in these subunits. If 45 sufficient efforts were presented to support a positive C&T 46 determination, the Department would likely support the 47 proposed September 1 to May 31st season which is consistent 48 with the current State's season of Unit 25(B) and (C) and 49 11 days longer than the current State season in Unit 25(A), 50 the harvest reporting requirements that would apply to this

hunt should be specified to ensure that information necessary for management and to evaluate the potential effects of this proposed regulation would be available. The Department defers comments on the proposed brown bear per regulatory year harvest limit in these subunits until we receive the C&T analysis and can assess the number of rural residents that would potentially be eligible for these proposed hunts.

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, we have harvest reporting requirements already in place, maybe not for these areas, brown bears have to be sealed, is that something that has to be adopted in every new place or isn't that kind of like a statewide policy that brown bears be sealed accept in brown bear management areas? So would we have to -- it says here, that this ADF&G comments, harvest reporting requirements should be specified to ensure information necessary for management. Do you think that there's a reason to specify them or don't they automatically kick in? Maybe you could come to the mike, 21 Craig, since you're sort or rubbing your chin.

MR. GARDNER: Craig Gardner. You're right, 24 Craig, I mean in every area of the state other than the 25 brown bear management area, bears have to be sealed and so 26 I would suspect that -- well, they would, they'd have to be 27 sealed whether they're shot on either Federal or State.

MR. FLEENER: Okay. And maybe the 30 discussion can say that we talked about that but I don't 31 know we would have to actually specify harvest reporting 32 requirements if they're already in place. What do you 33 think, George?

MR. SHERROD: You wouldn't have to And in 36 the analysis there are appendices listing the sort of 37 general brown bear harvesting provisions that are in our 38 regulations and they would apply here.

MR. FLEENER: Call for the question.

42 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Peggy, you have

43 something?

MS. FOX: I was trying to figure out when 46 -- Peggy Fox, Office of Subsistence Management. I was 47 trying to figure out when I might offer comments, it was 48 unclear to me. So I apologize for signaling after you 49 asked for the question.

33 34

35 36

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At any rate, I wanted to reiterate the point George was trying to make about customary and traditional use determinations. We call them positive 4 customary and traditional use determinations because 5 they're based on information that clearly identifies 6 residents of certain communities or areas as being 7 qualified subsistence users. So, you know, when you move 8 ahead in considering a no determination, which we have 9 interpreted to mean that all rural residents in the state 10 are eligible, there is no information to support that, 11 therefore, the Board could not support that according to 12 .805(c) because it's not based on substantial evidence. 13 However, what he is recommending, based on the research 14 that he has done, is supportable based on substantial That's why the Board, as a practice, if there 16 isn't enough time, in some cases, to analyze broader areas 17 than one unit, because that's the way the proposal was 18 written, the Board looks at a couple of options if the 19 Council has reservations. You could defer and ask George 20 to do a wider amount of research to look at adjoining 21 areas, you know, to make sure that you were being inclusive 22 and not denying subsistence opportunity once the season is 23 established or you could simply go ahead with this, and the 24 Board has done both, it's supported the Council in both 25 directions and recommend the C&T determination that George 26 is proposing and then wait and see if people want to ask 27 that it be expanded. So those are a couple of directions 28 you could go. 29

But I just wanted to let you know that I 31 don't think the Board could support an all rural resident 32 finding because the information is not there to support it.

Thank you.

MR. GOOD: Peggy, at this point we're 37 supporting what is in the book and we're not asking for no 38 determination, with the basis that this is what's supported 39 by the data at this -- does that seem to be the best way to 40 go and perhaps work towards no determination at a later 41 date? We've at least opened a season this way?

MS. FOX: Absolutely. I think moving ahead 44 with what is proposed in the Staff analysis gets the season 45 open. It establishes a C&T and if it needs to be revised 46 in the future, we can do that in the future but otherwise 47 there is no Federal hunt.

Thank you.

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00062
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It's been moved and
   seconded for both of them, right?
3
4
                   MR. GOOD: Well, it depends, no pass (a),
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6
  this is (a), right?
7
                                 This is actually (a) and (b).
                   MR. FLEENER:
8
9
                   MR. GOOD: Oh, yeah, we have to have both,
10 let's have it (a) and (b).
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It's been moved,
13 seconded, the question's been called. All those in favor
14 of 36(a) and (b) as revised?
15
16
                   MR. FLEENER:
                                 As proposed.
17
18
                   MR. GOOD:
                              As proposed.
19
20
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: As proposed, signify by
21 saying aye.
22
23
                   IN UNISON:
                               Aye.
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Those opposed, same
26 sign.
27
28
                   (No opposing votes)
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Okay.
31
32
                   MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, we're into Proposal
33 37. Proposal 37 is to revise area descriptions, seasons
34 and permit requirements for caribou in Unit 20(F) and this
35 was proposed by the Eastern Interior Regional Advisory
36 Council.
37
38
                   MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I move to adopt
39 Proposal 37.
40
41
                   MR. GOOD:
                              Second.
42
43
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: George.
44
45
                   MR. SHERROD: Proposal 37 is another
46 proposal that you directed the Staff to draft at the Tanana
47 meeting. Proposal 37 would align the existing Federal
48 seasons and unit descriptions with those adopted by the
49 Board of Game last March, a year ago. So in essence, there
50 is no sort of net effect except to potentially clean up our
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00063
  regulations.
3
                   The caribou herd is capable of withstanding
  the pressure.
                 It has grown in size, three to four times
5
  since the mid-80s. Most of the area is difficult to access
  and between 1995 and 2000, there have been no caribou
7
  reported harvested in the area. Additionally, the cleaning
  up of the description, the language in the descriptions
  would identify an area in which we currently have no
10 Federal land and would eliminate that season to prevent
11 individuals from mistakenly trying to hunt in the area.
12 The proposed regulation would read, Unit 20(F), north of
13 the Yukon River, this area up in here, to have a season of
14 August 10th through March 31st. Unit 20(F) east of the
15 Dalton Highway and south of the Yukon River, east and
16 south, there's a little bit of Federal public land over
17 there, part of the Yukon Flats National Wildlife Preserve
18 would have one caribou, however, during the November 1 to
19 March 31 season a State registration permit would be
20 required, the season would be August 10th to September 20th
21 and November 1 to March 31st. And then it would explicitly
22 identify in our regulations that Unit 20(F), south of the
23 Yukon River and west of the Dalton Highway Management
24 Corridor, which is this area down in there, that there
25 would be no Federal open season. The rationale behind that
26 is there are no Federal lands down there to hold a season
27 on.
28
29
                   MR. GOOD: The effect of this is to align
30 State and Federal regulations and bring everything into
31 alignment?
32
33
                   MR. SHERROD: Right.
                                         To align to an
34 existing more liberal State regulation and clean up the
35 area description so they're easy to find on the ground and
36 as I say, make sure that people realize where we don't have
37 lands we don't have seasons.
38
39
                  MR. GOOD:
                              Question.
40
41
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It's been moved and
42 second, question has been called. All those in favor of
43 Proposal 37 signify by saying aye.
44
45
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
46
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(No opposing votes)

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: All those opposed, same

47

49 50

48 sign.

3 5

skipped a step here, agency comments or public comments. But anyway, the State supports Proposal 37 and there were 6

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no written public comments. MR. FLEENER: Yeah, Mr. Chair, we received

MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, I believe we've

notification by Mr. Haynes that the State wouldn't be 10 making comments because they won't be here so I think we 11 can dispense with what -- unless you want to read each time 12 what they have to say, we might as well just skip over that 13 if they don't want to send anybody.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA:

MR. FLEENER: Well, I was wonder if -- I 18 was reading over Proposals 41 and 42 and it looks like the 19 State supports this and the Staff Committee supports this. 20 I'm wondering if we can move 41 and 42 for unanimous 21 consent?

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Any objections to 24 Fleener's move for 41 and 42?

(Council nodding negatively)

MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, just for the record, 29 I can just briefly introduce the proposals, 41 and 42. 30 Proposal 41 is to revise seasons and harvest limits for 31 moose in Unit 12 and Proposal 42 is the revised description 32 of the Fairbanks Management Area in Unit 20.

MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, you might want to 35 state on the record, ask if anyone in the room or from the 36 public wishes to make any comments on the proposal at this 37 time before you move forward.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Is there anyone that 40 wants to comment on Proposals 41 or 42? George.

MR. SHERROD: I'd just like to point out 43 that in Proposal 41, I think it's important that you 44 recognize that this is a reduction in the Federal season. 45 It eliminates a spike-fork season. I would also like to 46 add that during the years that this season has been in 47 place, there have been no animals reported harvested on 48 Federal lands. So even though it does reduce the season 49 and some opportunity it does so in response to biological 50 concerns for the resource, these are both your proposals,

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  but again as I say, there is no indication that a
  Federally-qualified subsistence harvester has been in the
3
  past -- or has in the past taken advantage of this season.
5
                             Mr. Chair, for Proposal 41 there
                   MR. MIKE:
6
 was one written public comment and it was in support of the
7
  proposal by the Upper Tanana Advisory Committee. And
  Proposal 42, there were no written public comments.
9
  you.
10
11
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA:
                                       Hearing no objections,
12 then we'll move on to the next proposal.
13
14
                   MR. MIKE:
                              Mr. Chair, before you move on,
15 did the Council have unanimous consent on Proposal 41 and
16 42?
17
18
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: (Nods affirmatively)
19
20
                   MR. MIKE: Okay, thank you. Proposal 43 is
21 Unit 25(D) west for moose and it provides for harvest by
22 other residents within Unit 10. This proposal was
23 submitted by the Yukon Flats National Wildlife Refuge.
24
25
                   MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I move to adopt
26 Proposal 43.
27
28
                   MR. GOOD:
                              Second.
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Discussion.
31
32
                   MR. GOOD: And question.
33
34
                   MR. SHERROD: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
35 Proposal 43 would change the current customary and
36 traditional use determination for 25(D) from residents of
37 Beaver, Birch Creek and Stevens Village to all residents of
38 Unit 25(D).
               There's at least one individual that lives on
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MR. SHERROD: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

35 Proposal 43 would change the current customary and

36 traditional use determination for 25(D) from residents of

37 Beaver, Birch Creek and Stevens Village to all residents of

38 Unit 25(D). There's at least one individual that lives on

39 a Native allotment in Unit 25(D) and because he is not a

40 member of these communities he is currently unable to take

41 advantage of hunting either on Federal lands or the Federal

42 seasons. It would also lift the current 60 limit of the

43 number of Federal permits that can be issued for Unit

44 25(D), however, in terms of the permit it should be noted

45 that the State currently allocates permits under the Tier

46 II system. So in fact, there is no 60 permit cap, it

47 varies through years and I forget what the exact total has

48 been this year. Let's see, currently as many as 185 moose

49 permits can be issued under State regulation. Last year

50 135 permits were provided -- were issued. So the raising

of the cap is really not going to provide a flood gate for individuals to get in there. So in recap, it would allow let's say an individual living within the unit on a Native allotment to participate in the Federal moose hunt in the area and to hunt on Federal lands under the State hunt.

5 6 7

7 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: George, there may be 8 other people in 25(D) west that do utilize moose as a 9 subsistence resource and your recommendation would include 10 all those people, wouldn't it?

11 12

MR. SHERROD: All the individuals living 13 within the unit and to the best of our knowledge that's 14 only one individual, one household. We do have a 15 representative -- well, actually we have a couple of 16 represents from the Yukon Flats National Wildlife Refuge 17 and they might be able to shed a little bit of insight on 18 this because it is their proposal.

19 20

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, while Ted's 21 moseying up to the table there, I just like to say that I 22 know of at least a couple people. There's only one that 23 lives within the unit but there are at least two that I 24 know of that hunt in the unit but don't live in one of the 25 communities and the permits are issued in communities and 26 so these people are left out. Or they have to go to the 27 community to try to get a permit and what happens is they 28 end up -- if they go to Birch Creek, they end up taking one 29 of Birch Creek's permits which they don't want to have to 30 do because then they're, you know, getting in the way of 31 the harvest of the people from Birch Creek. So this sort of takes care of that problem.

33 34

MR. HEUER: Mr. Chairman, my name is Ted 35 Heuer, I'm the refuge manager of the Yukon Flats. I'm 36 basically here to answer questions if you have any. But 37 Craig pretty well summed it up. We have at least one 38 individual who does not feel comfortable coming into one of 39 the villages to ask for a permit. And this proposal was 40 put forward to basically address his need, there may be 41 other individuals out there in the same situation and it 42 would basically apply to anybody in 25(D) west.

43 44

MR. FLEENER: Ouestion.

45 46

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: I just have one 47 question here, is that, would this one individual be 48 infringing on these three village plan, Beaver, Stevens and 49 Circle that Dewey Schwalenberg and them has been working on 50 so hard, would it like infringe?

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                   MR. HEUER: The question was, would he be
   infringing on the moose management plan?
3
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Yeah, like Stevens
5
  Village has been working on this and do they agree to
  include this one person in there?
6
7
                   MR. HEUER: It wouldn't affect the total
9 number of moose harvested the way we envision it happening.
10 The season would still be closed when 60 moose are
11 harvested. So theoretically, if this individual gets a
12 permit it is going to -- you know, it could impact somebody
13 living in one of the villages. But as far as the number of
14 permits issued, it won't affect somebody getting a permit
15 in one of the villages.
16
17
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Thank you. It's been
18 moved and seconded and question has been called for
19 Proposal 43. All those in favor of Proposal 43 signify by
20 saying aye.
21
22
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: All those opposed, same
25 sign.
26
27
                   (No opposing votes)
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Proposal 43 passes.
30
31
                   MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, Proposal 44 is to
32 revise season harvest limits for lynx in Unit 12 and 20(E).
33
34
                   MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I move to adopt
35 Proposal 44 right after a five minute bathroom break.
36
37
38
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: We'll take a five
39 minute break.
40
41
                   MR. GOOD: I'll second the first part of
42 that motion.
43
44
                   MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, just a matter for the
45 record here, we received some public comments from the
46 Denali SRC Commission and Wrangell-St. Elias National Park
47 Subsistence Resource Commission. I forgot to state this
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48 earlier but these are official comments made by the SRC so 49 when the appropriate proposal comes up, I'll present their 50 comments. Thank you. And the proposals that the Council

is passing, if they can state on the record that the Council either supports or opposes the proposal. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

3 5

(Off record)

6 7

(On record)

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Proposal 44 has been 10 moved and seconded. Discussion.

11 12

MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, Proposal 44, the 13 analysis incorporates two proposals, Proposal 12 and 14 Proposal 44. Proposal 12 would change the trapping season 15 for lynx in Unit 6, 7, 11 and 15. This action is initiated 16 by the Office of Subsistence Management in response to a 17 similar action by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game. 18 Proposal 44 was submitted by the Eastern Interior Regional 19 Council. It would extend the lynx trapping season from 20 February 28th to March 15th in Units 12 and 20(E). If you 21 look in your book on Page 111, it's the first page of the 22 analysis, under discussion, you'll see there that existing 23 regulations for the proposals read as follows:

24

25 You have the lynx trapping seasons for Unit 26 12 and 20, then under that you have a special action WS-00-27 07. The Federal Subsistence Board, earlier this year, 28 passed regulations on a special action for Units 6, 7, 11, 29 13 and 15, but that action was only good for this 30 regulatory year. So to make those regulations permanent it 31 has to go through Board action in May to change this 32 regulation permanently. The proposed regulation would read 33 as you see below there at the bottom. In some areas it 34 would make the regulations more restrictive because of 35 declining hare populations, subsequently declining lynx 36 populations and some areas it extends the opportunity In areas where you 37 because of increasing lynx populations. 38 have declining hare population, also tends to be some areas 39 where you have extensive road system and with that and 40 extensive harvesting due to trappers, this could also add 41 to detrimental harvest on the lynx population in those 42 areas.

43 44

These changes reduce trapping seasons in 45 areas where lynx populations declined. Declines are 46 anticipated in Units 6, 7 and 15 and increased trapping 47 opportunities where lynx populations are increasing, 48 particularly Units 11 and 13 and Units 20(E). 49 true expansion of harvest opportunities for this proposal 50 would occur in the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park lands

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within Units 11 and 12 since these changes have already occurred in the State regulations.

3

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6 7

The Federal Subsistence Board has previously acknowledged the validity of State strategy for setting seasons on lynx and have regularly made annual adjustments in the Federal seasons to maintain consistency with State seasons.

8 9 10

The conclusion is to modify the proposal to 11 support all the harvest limits and changes, but add a 12 statewide policy that lynx harvest trapping regulations 13 could be adjusted by the Office of Subsistence Management 14 through the use of ADF&G harvest tracking, management 15 strategy in cooperation with ADF&G and after consultation 16 with the appropriate Federal land managers and agencies as 17 supported by the appropriate Staff analysis. 18 procedure would negate the need for subsequent Federal 19 Subsistence Board action. As the populations decline for 20 the hare and lynx, there would be a need for in-season 21 changes. We could do in-season special action requests to 22 the Board, but that is only good for that year again. 23 doing this, this would allow better in-season changes 24 without going through a lot of cumbersome paperwork.

25 26

And that is all.

27 28

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Any public comments on 29 Proposal 44.

30

MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, the Denali SRC 32 provided comments on Proposal 12 and the Council members 33 have a copy of their recommendations. Proposal 12, by the 34 Denali SRC is in support of the proposal. The Denali 35 Commission unanimously supported the preliminary conclusion 36 of the analysis for reasons stated in the justification.

37 38

The Wrangell-St. Elias Subsistence Resource 39 Commission supports Proposal 12 on biological merit. The 40 SRC does not agree that it is always beneficial to align 41 the Federal season and the State seasons.

42 43

And there was one public comment by the 44 Upper Tanana Advisory Committee in support of Proposal 44.

45 46

Thank you.

47

48 MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I got a question 49 for Pete. I see here in Fish and Game's comments that 50 there is a concern that the Federal Board may have to

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  realign their seasons from year to year. Would the -- if
  we adopted this with Staff recommendations would that take
  care of that problem that Fish and Game has brought up?
3
5
                   MR. DeMATTEO: Correct, Mr. Chair.
6
  understand this correctly, this would allow for Federal
7
  managers to make the changes without going through the
  Board. And this could be done in conjunction with the
  Alaska Department of Fish and Game rather than going
10 through the usual emergency order on the State side or
11 going through the special action on the Federal side.
12
13
                   MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, then I'd like to
14 amend my original motion to adopt this to modify the
15 proposal to support all harvest limits and season changes,
16 adding a statewide policy that lynx harvest trapping
17 regulations could be adjusted by Office of Subsistence
18 Management through the use of ADF&G harvest tracking
19 management strategy and so on.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Your second left.
22
23
                   MR. FLEENER: Then I'll ask for a second to
24 second.
25
26
                   MR. MILLER: Yeah, I second it.
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Discussion on Proposal
29 44.
30
31
                   MR. MILLER: Question.
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It's been moved,
34 adopted [sic], to go with Staff analysis -- Staff
35 recommendation. All those in support of -- all those in
36 favor of Proposal 44 signify by saying aye.
37
38
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
39
40
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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: All those opposed, same

41 sign. 42

43

44 45

46

(No opposing votes)

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Proposal 44 passes.

47 MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, to clarify 48 things, I think I'll read into the record what the Staff 49 recommendation is, would that be all right? 50

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Go ahead.

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6 7

MR. DeMATTEO: The Staff recommendation which you just supported was to modify the proposal to support all harvest limit and season changes as in the proposal within the analysis but add a statewide policy that lynx harvest trapping regulations could be adjusted by the Office of Subsistence Management through use of the Alaska Department Fish and Game's harvest tracking 10 management strategy in coordination with ADF&G, and after 11 consultation with the appropriate Federal land manag -- and 12 agencies and appropriate Staff analysis. This procedure 13 would negate the need for subsequent Federal Subsistence 14 Board action. And that's what you supported?

15

(Nods affirmatively) CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA:

16 17 18

MR. DeMATTEO: Okay.

19 20

MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, we're at Proposal 7. 21 This is a proposal to shorten season for caribou in Unit 13 22 and it's submitted by Wayne Crowson of Delta Junction.

23 24

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I move to adopt

25 Proposal 7.

26 27

MR. MILLER: Second.

28 29

MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, Proposal 7 was 30 submitted by Wayne Crowson of Delta Junction. Mr. Crowson 31 requests that Unit 13 caribou seasons be reduced 32 eliminating the winter season which is October 21st through 33 March 31. The remaining season would include only the 34 period from August 10 through September 30th. The Nelchina 35 Caribou Herd population has continued to decline since 1996 36 from a high of 50,000 in '96 to the current estimate of 37 29,600 animals as reported by the Department of Fish and 38 Game. The proponent's rationale for this proposal request 39 was to eliminate the shooting of pregnant cows and thus 40 reduce the decline of the herd. The proponent has stated 41 that given a shorter season, subsistence hunters would be 42 able to adequately access Federal lands to complete their 43 harvest prior to the rut. Furthermore, he states that the 44 bull harvest -- bulls harvested in the fall following the 45 rut are unfit for human consumption providing additional 46 logic for closing the season for both bulls and cows 47 following the August/September rut.

48

49 The State's management objective for the 50 Nelchina herd is 35 to 40,000 caribou. In '97, the post-

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calving surveys counted 34,900 caribou yielding a post-rut estimate of 31,800. This was a significant decrease for the previous years estimate of 44,000. Subsequent post-rut estimates are 38,500 in '98, 31,399 and 29,602 as you can see it's a continued decline. The 1997 decrease was thought to be preliminary primarily due to winter mortality and reduced calf production. The decreases that have occurred over the past few years have been attributed to poor summer forage conditions as well as increased calf 10 mortality by wolves. During most years 38 to 40 calves per 11 100 cows have been observed during the October surveys. 12 The recent observed bull to cow ratio is 25 bulls to 100 13 cows. This is a decline of 30 bulls per 100 cows observed 14 over last year, well below the ADF&G guidelines of 40 bulls 15 per 100 cows. Based on a combination of low calf 16 recruitment and high mortality observed recently, the herd 17 is predicted to continue to decline unless management 18 strategies dealing with the harvest rates are adjusted. 19 October of '99, Department of Fish and Game issued an 20 emergency closure of the Tier II hunt for Nelchina caribou, 21 Unit 13. The State's harvest quota for Nelchina caribou 22 herd was 500 cows and 1,500 bulls for the 1999/2000 season. 23 The reported harvest was 1,422 bulls, 589 cows and six 24 unknown for a total harvest of 2,017. The number of State 25 Tier II permits was reduced from 6,000 permits during the 26 1999/2000 season to 2000 permits for the 2000/2001 season. 27 The harvest limit was limited to one bull. As of late 28 November 2000, about 700 bulls had been harvested. On the 29 Federal side as far as the harvest, the 1999/2000 harvest 30 of caribou in Unit 13 was 389 caribou. An additional 32 31 bulls from the Nelchina herd were harvested during the 32 Federal season in Unit 12. The '89/99 Federal harvest 33 totaled 431 caribou from Units 12 and 13 of which 187 were 34 cows.

If you look on Page 128 of the analysis at the top, 37 there's Table 2, there's a table there that shows you 38 distribution of the Federal harvest for Unit 13 ranging 39 from '97 through the end of 2000, '99/2000 regulatory year. 40 According to this table, 65 percent of the total Federal 41 harvest occurs during the proposed closed season which is 42 October through March. So on a preference basis it appears 43 that Federal users harvest 65 percent of their take -- of 44 the total Federal take during the proposed closed season.

46 Elimination of the season would most likely 47 reduce Federal harvest significantly. In addition, many 48 subsistence hunters prefer to hunt later in the season to 49 avoid encountering crowded conditions and often some 50 Federal users preferred to harvest by snowmachine when the

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snow conditions are adequate.

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The preliminary conclusion is to modify to the proposal to make the harvest limit for bulls only but keep the existing season. The Federal subsistence harvest generally accounts from four to six percent of the annual harvest quota, however, during the past few years it has increased from 13 to 16 percent and elimination of the cow harvest would provide some reduction to the herd's decline.

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And that's all I have for you.

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13 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: I'm speaking for Nat 14 here, it's what he told me, is that, we adopt this proposal 15 with the Staff recommendation because in the fall time when 16 the bulls are rutting they're not in good of condition and 17 it'd be better to hunt them from October 21 to March 1st.

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MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I'd like to amend 20 my motion to reflect supporting Staff recommendation if 21 it's all right with the second.

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MR. MILLER: (Nods affirmatively)

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MR. FLEENER: He's nodding yes. I don't know if Wayne Crowson, I don't know if his intent was to 27 still allow people to have a cow harvest in August through 28 September, I wish someone from the State was here to 29 comment but once again they're not allowed to be here and 30 that really is hurting our ability to effectively analyze 31 the proposal here. But -- yeah, I don't know -- never 32 mind.

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I know the State supports the proposal as it was written. I wonder if -- does anybody know how the State would have reacted to changing it to two bulls? In their comments it says that they're interested in promoting the growth of the herd. Are they only interested in that in a limited increase of the herd because if you can still shoot cows in August through September, you're still killing cows. A dead cow is a dead cow. So I'm wondering if they would have been supportive of a bull only reason.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Craig, since they're 45 not here, I'd still go with what Nat told me is that we 46 would go with Staff recommendation. Are there any public 47 comments for Proposal 7?

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MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, the Denali SRC 50 opposed Proposal 7 and they're justification was the local

rural residents of Cantwell have a very limited opportunity to hunt in Unit 13 under the State's Tier II program due to the complexities of the State system. Local subsistence 4 hunters would have a limited biological impact upon the caribou population. There is a limited amount of Federal lands in Unit 13. Need to reduce non-subsistence hunters from Federal lands before reducing local rural subsistence hunters opportunities.

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The Wrangell-St. Elias opposes Proposal 7. 11 This proposal, because -- the SRC opposes this proposal 12 because implementing the proposal will not likely have a 13 positive effect on the herd but will have a negative effect 14 on subsistence users since most of the caribou are taken by 15 Federal subsistence users and are taken in October 21 16 through March 31 season.

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MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I'd like to ask 19 Pete if he things that the amended proposal would address 20 the concerns of those comments right there?

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MR. DeMATTEO: Normally, Nat would pick 23 this one up and run with it because he worked so closely 24 with it. I guess for the sake of everyone here, I should 25 point that in the State regulations, the harvest limit is 26 one bull. Under the Federal regulations it's two caribou. 27 But the proposal changes it to two bulls because we're 28 eliminating cows, that's the Staff recommendation, so it 29 would be two bulls.

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31 MR. FLEENER: Right. But the way the 32 proposal was originally written, you eliminate an entire 33 hunting season....

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MR. DeMATTEO: Correct.

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MR. FLEENER:which is probably what 38 they were -- I'm wondering if that's what the SRCs were 39 commenting on when they said they were opposed to it 40 because we're closing down a season that really limits the 41 possibility.....

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43 That is correct. MR. DeMATTEO: The SRCs 44 comments on the original proposal, it's impossible that 45 they saw the Staff analysis at their meeting.

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Thank you. MR. FLEENER:

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49 MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, we had two written 50 public comments. Don Quarberg of Delta Junction wrote in

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support of Proposal 7 stating that the Nelchina Caribou Herd is in trouble and the pregnant females need to be protected.

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Mike Cronk on behalf of the Upper Tanana Fortymile Advisory Committee writes in support of Proposal 7 with the amendment that State and Federal game departments be allowed to verify the bag and sex limits. The Advisory Committee prefers a one bull caribou bag 10 limit.

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MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, I need to correct 13 something. I just told you a few minutes ago that the SRC 14 had knowledge of the Staff analysis at their meeting. 15 receiving wisdom from the back of the room that knows 16 better, that, yes, they did read the Staff analysis and 17 they're comments are based on the Staff analysis.

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MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, hey, Donald, do 20 you think you could read those two letters in opposition 21 again? I wanted to hear them and I don't see them in my 22 pile of stuff.

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MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, Proposal 7 for 25 Wrangell-St. Elias Subsistence Resource Commission. The 26 SRC opposes this proposal because implementing the proposal 27 will not likely have a positive effect on the herd but will 28 have a negative effect on subsistence users since most of 29 the caribou are taken by Federal subsistence users and are 30 taken in October 21 through March 31.

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MR. FLEENER: Okay, it sounds like they may 33 not have been privy to the information because in the 34 amended proposal we're leaving that season open. So that 35 group may not have been privy to that information.

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MR. DeMATTEO: You may wish to ask the Park 38 Service, maybe the staff that is here attended that 39 meeting?

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41 Clarence Summers, National MR. SUMMERS: 42 Park Service. I attended the Wrangell-St. Elias 43 Subsistence Resource Commission meeting and they had the 44 opportunity -- the had the Staff analysis at that meeting 45 to consider in their final decision. As I understand it, 46 they decided to reject both the original proposal and the 47 Staff recommendation based on the fact that a very small 48 portion of Unit 13 is within Wrangell-St. Elias National 49 Park. And their feeling was that if the season was --50 let's say if the winter season was eliminated and that's

proposed in the original proposal, that that would prevent subsistence oppor -- the current subsistence opportunity, that would lessen the opportunity that currently exists and that would be detrimental to subsistence users.

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The second part of their recommendation dealt with the recommendation of the Staff Committee and that scenario. There was a recommendation to change from two caribou to two bulls and that would -- that was also 10 considered but the feeling was that that would also prevent 11 subsistence users from the current situation that exists, 12 that the recommendation would limit their current 13 opportunity and so they were -- they had the opportunity to 14 consider both recommendations but they decided to reject 15 those recommendations.

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But I think a large part of it has to do 18 with the area within the park. Unit 13 affects a very 19 small -- Unit 13 occurs in a very small portion of 20 Wrangell-St. Elias. It's adjacent to, I think the Tok 21 cutoff road and so the Commissions recommendation was to 22 keep the current season in place and the current harvest 23 opportunities in place.

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MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I have a question 26 for Clarence, what were their comments as regarding the 27 declining caribou population? They didn't think that the 28 Federal land in their area should be part of helping 29 maintain or to grow the population or they didn't think 30 that it would have any impact on it?

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MR. SUMMERS: Like I said, their view was 33 impacts within Wrangell-St. Elias National Park. They 34 realized the current situation, they're very familiar with 35 at least the decline of the caribou herd in that area. But 36 in their view, the feeling was to keep the status quo, no 37 change.

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MR. FLEENER: Any ideas as to what sort of 40 language was used as to why we should continue a cow 41 harvest if the population is declining so rapidly?

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MR. SUMMERS: No, that wasn't discussed to 44 my knowledge.

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46 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It would seem that they 47 wanted to keep on hunting these caribou but it would also 48 seem, too, that they're not taking any precautionary 49 measures to protect this caribou. So it seems to me that 50 it's up to us to make this decision whether to accept the

Staff recommendation and not whether Denali National Park SRC opposes it or whether Wrangell-St. Elias opposes it. It seems to me that we have to come to the conclusion or recommend to the Federal Board that we go with the Staff 5 recommendation for the protection of the resource. And then even though if it's a limited ground that we're 7 covering in Unit 13, it's showing our intention to protect 8 the resource for the subsistence users and not to continue harvesting cows because we're going to have to take a stand 10 somewhere on this. You know, if we're going to keep on 11 harvesting cows because every time you harvest a cow you're 12 killing five or seven caribou right there. And I agree 13 with the Staff to modify it to two bulls and keep the 14 winter season open because nobody wants to eat rotted out 15 meat.

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Those are just my comments.

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MR. SUMMERS: Just one last bit of 20 information. There currently is a closure for the Mentasta 21 caribou in this area and so there is limited opportunities 22 and that was something else that was considered when this 23 decision was made.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Hollis.

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MR. TWITCHELL: Hello, I'm Hollis Twitchell 28 with Denali National Park. I just came from the Commission 29 just yesterday and they took quite a bit of time going over 30 the analysis and discussing it. In the aspect of the cow 31 hunt they spent some time discussing the paragraph on Page 32 128 in the analysis where it is projected that with the 33 average Federal harvest of 145 cows, a 65 percent reduction 34 would result in the protection of approximately 94 cows per 35 year. Considering at the most recent post-rut cow/calf 36 ratio was 20 calves per 100 cows, the 94 cows protected by 37 this action would result in an average of 19 calves per 38 year added to the overall population.

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They didn't feel.....

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42 MR. FLEENER: Is that 19 per 100 or 19 43 total for entire population of 20,000 or whatever the 44 population is?

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The analysis says it's an MR. TWITCHELL: 47 average of 19 calves per year added to the overall 48 population.

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MR. FLEENER: So that's 19 added to the

00078 entire herd?

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MR. TWITCHELL: So their perception that, first of all, that there is such a limited amount of land available in Unit 13 for the take of caribou that there's not a lot of harvest from the subsistence users themselves on the caribou population and that looking at this, that the potential number of new calves added to it didn't seem to be significant by closing down the cow hunt. So it was 10 a combination of this information and looking at the amount 11 of pressure that's going on in hunting elsewhere on other 12 lands in Unit 13 that they came out with the justification 13 they did. And that was, they felt that as local rural 14 residents in the Cantwell area, they've been in a very 15 limited situation under the State's Tier II permits. About 16 the only people in Cantwell that have been getting Tier II 17 permits are the elderly individuals in the community. So 18 they haven't had a very good success rate in that 19 particular system in getting permits.

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They believe that as local rural residents 22 their take has really had a relatively limited biological 23 impact on the population of the Nelchina herd as a whole. 24 There's not only a limited amount of lands in Unit 13 that 25 are open to the Federal hunt but there's a limited amount 26 of time in which the caribou are on those lands, in 27 particularly in the Denali area, the Nelchina herd is 28 generally in the Denali area just in the late winter 29 months. They're not present in the Denali Park areas in 30 the fall-time.

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MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I got a question 33 for Hollis. Do you know if there are enough bulls coming 34 into the area to meet that 145 cow loss? Is there enough 35 replacement caribou to meet the local needs?

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MR. TWITCHELL: Well, the portion of the 38 Nelchina herd that comes in there is known as the Cantwell 39 group, and I don't have the biological information on what 40 that group's numbers are or the composition or the sex 41 ratios for that. I just know that the time that that 42 group, the Nelchina herd is in the Denali Park area is 43 limited and often very driven by snowfall in the rest of 44 the range.

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46 MR. FLEENER: But we can assume if there is 47 cows there there are bulls there. So if they're able to 48 shoot 145 cows, there's -- even if there's only 30 bulls 49 per 100 cows, there's probably a good chance -- per 100 50 cows I mean, there's probably a good change that there are

bulls there that can meet their needs.

MR. TWITCHELL: I don't know how to respond to that. All I can say is this is the discussions that they had and these are the results of those discussions.

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MR. FLEENER: Well, is there anybody in the house that has the -- and maybe we went over it and I missed it, but does anybody have the number, the breakdown, 10 bulls per 100 cows, the numbers of caribou that actually go 11 into this area? And something, too, that I wanted to point 12 out, the second paragraph here on Page 128, it says, with 13 an average Federal harvest of 145 cows, a 65 percent 14 reduction would result in the protection of approximate 94 15 cows per year, considering that post-rut cow/calf ratio is 16 20 calves per 100 cows, 94 cows protected would result in 17 an average of 19 calves. That's not necessarily the case, 18 we need to make sure that -- I don't know what the 19 pregnancy ratios are but we can't just automatically assume 20 that because the cow/calf ratio is 20 percent, that if 80 21 percent of these cows have calves, you know, there's an 22 addition of 80 calves to the population. So this -- if 23 you're just going with historic numbers, you're saying 20 24 percent but it starts out with -- if it's 80 calves, you're 25 starting out with 80 more calves and of course there's 26 mortality and other things that are happening. But we just 27 need to point out that if you put more calves on the ground 28 there's a good chance that more will survive and so we 29 can't automatically assume that 80 percent are going to be 30 killed each year.

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I just wanted to point that out. But I 33 wish we had more information on this. It would be nice to 34 know the overall population into the area. Because if it's 35 only 145 cows moseying into the area then we are limiting 36 subsistence hunting. If there's 4,000 animals coming into 37 the area then, you know, we're focusing the subsistence 38 hunt but I don't think we're really limiting it because 39 there's still an opportunity to take two caribou, and 40 that's two larger caribou and so there's a little bit more 41 meat. But it's pretty hard to say when we don't' have any 42 numbers so it would be nice to know what these numbers 43 actually are.

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45 MR. DeMATTEO: Mr. Chair, addressing Mr. 46 Fleener's concerns, the analysis written from the focus of 47 Unit 13, which is much of a larger area. The biological 48 section is more global than what the Park Service has 49 concerns of, it also encompasses the BLM lands along the 50 Richardson Highway and the Denali Highway and then the

00080 lower part of the Richardson Highway. The C&T for that area is also for residents of Cantwell. The C&T for 13(B) is residents of Units 11 and 12 along the Nabesna Road, Unit 13 residents of Unit 20(D) except Ft. Greely and the residents of Chickaloon. So it's important you also take into consideration that it's not just Park Service lands 6 7 we're talking about, it's also BLM lands in Unit 13. is why it was a much more larger area and the information that we got from the Department of Fish and Game 10 encompasses, not just for that area, Staff will look into 11 this and attempt to revise this to address your concerns. 12 13 But the harvest information does address 14 the Federal lands, the harvest on Federal lands. 15 16

Is there, in the stuff here, MR. FLEENER: 17 in these pages, the annual decrease in the caribou 18 population?

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MR. DeMATTEO: Overall, but not just for 21 that area.

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MR. FLEENER: What page is that on?

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MR. DeMATTEO: The decrease is on Page 126, 26 third paragraph under the biological background section. 27 It talks about overall herd numbers and then the following 28 paragraph gets into more subcomponents of the population.

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MR. FLEENER: So in about a four year time 31 period we see a drop in the population from about 35,000 to 32 about 29 and a half thousand and has it been predicted that 33 it's going to continue in this pattern or does anybody know 34 that?

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MR. DeMATTEO: Off hand, I don't know. 37 That's not covered int he analysis. Before -- your 38 concerns about -- talking about the 19 calves within the 39 population I would -- I strongly suspect that that was from 40 population modeling that Department of Fish and Game did 41 and I think we should put something in here that reflects 42 that.

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44 MR. FLEENER: Well, what it's basically 45 saying is that we have 20 percent survival throughout the 46 year.

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MR. DeMATTEO: Uh-huh.

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MR. FLEENER: And so what they're saying is

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there's going to be 19 calves added, which is 20 percent of '94 but it doesn't -- it really doesn't say, well, there's 80 or 75 calves being put into the population, you know, of course you're going to be subtracting for predation but we're starting with a larger -- we are actually adding more than just 19 to the population so there's -- they may not survive the entire year but there's a good chance -- or there is a chance that more than 19 could be surviving and that's the only thing I wanted to point out.

I don't like the idea of just focusing on 12 the negativity by saying, well, only 19 are going to 13 survive. Because the whole goal -- or one of the major 14 goals in managing these ungulates is increasing calf 15 survival and one of the ways of doing that is by increasing 16 the output. And so that's all. But nobody knows if 17 there's a predicted trend for -- predicted downward trend 18 for the population, uh?

MR. DeMATTEO: The population -- the 21 existing population modeling the factors in -- all the 22 concerning factors, including predation shows that there 23 should be continued predation under the current harvest 24 guidelines and that is what precipitates this reduction in 25 harvest in these proposals.

MR. FLEENER: Well, with only a 20 percent 28 survival of calves, if a lot of that is attributed to 29 predation or probably all of it is attributed -- or a large 30 percentage is probably attributed to predation, I think 31 that I would tend to want to continue to protect the cows 32 so we can get as many more calves out there as possible. 33 If the survival rate was 35 percent, you know, I might be 34 willing to say it's okay to shoot some cows but with calf 35 survival so low, you know, if we're not going to be doing 36 anything to keep the predator numbers down then we got to 37 do something to get the calf numbers up.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Yeah, I feel we're kind 40 of dragging on this, we either vote it up or vote it down 41 but I still recommend that we go with the proposal with the 42 Staff recommendation, if there's a question.

> MR. FLEENER: Ouestion.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It's been moved and 47 seconded and question has been called. All those in favor 48 of Proposal 7 with the Staff recommendation signify by 49 saying aye.

IN UNISON: Aye. 1 2 3 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Opposed, same sign. 4 5 6 7 MR. JAMES: Aye. CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Okay, it still passes. 9 MR. JAMES: You know, with that thoroughly 10 examined by the Denali Commission and the St. Elias 11 National Park, I see that they truly went through this. 12 And the peak level, they already hit the peak level and now 13 it's staying at the level, they are not giving them the 14 opportunity to hunt even more with the overcrowding of 15 hunters from Anchorage and Fairbanks going down there. 16 this will give them a little more opportunity to hunt in 17 that area there, to get their subsistence needs. 18 reading this -- I just got this booklet today and after 19 reading the information they provided there, that's the 20 same as the Fortymile Caribou Herd, they hit their peak and 21 now they're going to go farther up and get more or they're 22 going to decline. And I think the information is there and 23 they did their work there and so that's the way I'll leave 24 it. 25 26 Thank you. 27 28 MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, we're up to Proposal 29 48. Proposal 48 is to revise the C&T use determination for 30 sheep in Unit 11. 31 32 MR. SHERROD: Mr. Chair, Proposal 48 33 requests.... 34 35 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Whoa. 36 37 MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I move to adopt 38 Proposal 48. 39 40 MR. MILLER: Second. 41 42 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It's open for 43 discussion, go ahead, George. 44 45 MR. SHERROD: Sorry about that Mr. Chair. 46 Proposal 48 requests a change in the dall sheep C&T 47 determination for Units 11 and 12, to add the village of 48 Chickaloon. We really don't have a map that shows the 49 entire area so I pieced two of them up together and if 50 you've got your Region 9 map in front of you, you'll see

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that the village of Chickaloon sets roughly in this portion of Unit 13(D) and that if you slide this map over to that map it gives you some sort of relationship of Unit 12 and Unit 11. The Unit 11 C&T is broken down into two parts, that north of the Sanford River, which is roughly there and then that component south of the Sanford River.

The reason you are dealing with the proposal is that it affects Unit 12, which is in the Lastern Interior and residents of Unit -- the Eastern Interior has C&T for portions of Unit 11. The existing customary and traditional determinations are found on Page 13 136 and as I point out, in Unit 11, Healy Lake is in, Dot Lake is in and residents of Unit 12 and Unit 12, we've got residents of Unit 12, Dot Lake and Healy Lake and, of course, the residents of Unit 12 include Tanacross, Tok, 17 Tetlin, Northway, Nabesna and Chisana.

Currently Chickaloon has a customary and traditional use determination in Unit 11 for caribou, 21 moose, wolf, grouse and ptarmigan and in Unit 12 for moose 22 and wolf. It's important to note that Chickaloon is not a 23 resident zone community of Wrangell-St. Elias National Park 24 so in the event they were granted C&T, they would still 25 have to -- individuals would have to obtain a 1344 permit 26 or the community would have to petition the Park to be 27 included as a resident zone community.

Chickaloon traditionally was a Dena'ina community. It was displaced, the Dena'ina residents moved 31 out and the Ahtna moved in and today the indigenous 32 inhabitants of the area are predominately Ahtna. If you 33 look at Table 2 on Page 140, you will see that residents of 34 Chickaloon, based on a study done in 1982 did, in fact, use 35 sheep, although in that year no individual was reporting 36 harvesting sheep. Table 3 on Page 142 shows the 37 distribution of sheep harvest by residents of Chickaloon 38 and as we see we have one sheep reported harvested in Unit 39 11, four in Unit 12, however, the bulk of the harvest 40 occurs in Units 13 and 14.

In reviewing the information, the 43 preliminary conclusion is to oppose the proposal and the 44 justification for opposing the request is that the level of 45 sheep harvest in Unit 11 and 12 by residents of Chickaloon 46 does not warrant a positive customary and traditional use 47 determination for sheep in those units.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Just one question, 50 George, is Chickaloon close to Anchorage and is it in a

00084 rural area? 3 MR. SHERROD: Chickaloon is a rural community and, again, as I say, if you look at the Region 9 5 map it gives you a better idea of how it's situated. It's slightly to the north and east of Palmer and Sutton, it's 7 in 14(A). Actually it's in 13(D) just close to 14(A). MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I have a question 10 for George, this is Chickaloon which is in the Southcentral 11 region. 12 13 MR. SHERROD: Right. 14 15 MR. FLEENER: And we're determining whether 16 or not they should have a C&T in Unit 11, which is also in 17 Southcentral. 18 19 MR. SHERROD: And 12. 20 21 MR. FLEENER: But it only says Unit 11 22 sheep here, proposed regulation, Unit 11 sheep. 23 24 MR. MILLER: Mr. Chair, maybe I can shed a 25 little light on this. At Wrangell-St. Elias SRC meeting, 26 we had a member of the Chickaloon Village Council attend 27 that meeting and even the Village Council opposed this. 28 The person that wrote it up has no family ties or has no 29 kinship to Chickaloon. He's a guide, a hunting guide and 30 this was just kind of his way of trying to get in on sheep 31 hunting in Wrangell. So the SRC opposed it and my 32 recommendation is for this board to do the same. 33 34 MR. FLEENER: I'd still like to finish my 35 question with George, though, are we involved because it 36 says Unit 11, north of Sanford River residents in Unit 12? 37 38 MR. SHERROD: No, it's Unit 11 and 12. If 39 you look at the top of Page 137, which is a continuation of 40 proposed regulation, you will see that they are requesting 41 for Unit 12, as well as all of Unit 11 and as I say, 42 currently residents of the Interior have C&T for Unit 11 43 and, of course, Unit 12 is in the Interior. 44

46 been requested for an area in which a Regional Council has 47 representatives who have C&T for that area then it comes 48 before them. So that's why in many cases we deal with 49 issues from the Western Interior where C&T is granted to

50 residents of the Eastern Interior.

Any time in the past when a C&T change has

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00085 1 MR. FLEENER: Okay, thank you. 2 3 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Are there any public comments for Proposal 48? 5 6 MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, just for the record, 7 the Wrangell-St. Elias SRC for Proposal 48 for Unit 11 revised C&T determinations for sheep, they opposed the proposal based on testimony from the Chickaloon Village 10 Council representatives that the proponent does not have 11 kinship ties, extensive history to the village of 12 Chickaloon and is not an adequate person to request C&T for 13 the village. 14 15 There were three written public comments 16 received. Stephen Simmons, Director of Forestry, Chickaloon 17 Village opposes Proposal 48. He believes that the revision 18 of the applicable C&T determination to include the 19 community of Chickaloon would adversely affect the 20 harvesting of sheep for subsistence residents in Units 11 21 and 12. 22 23 Don Quarberg of Delta Junction wrote in 24 opposition of Proposal 48, stating that the eligibility 25 criteria for C&T uses are flawed and therefore used 26 inappropriately by subsistence hunters. 27 28 Mike Cronk on behalf of the Upper Tanana 29 Fortymile Advisory Committee writes in favor of this 30 proposal. 31 32 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 33 34 MR. FLEENER: Question. 35 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: The proposal has been 36 37 moved, seconded and question's been called. All those in 38 favor of Proposal 48 signify by saying aye. 39 40 (No aye votes) 41 42 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: All those opposed, same 43 sign. 44 45 IN UNISON: Aye. 46 47 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Proposal 48 fails. 48 49 MR. SHERROD: Mr. Chair, even though on 50 your book there's an indication that Proposal 25 and 34

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should be taken up at this time, they actually do affect Western Interior and should probably be postponed and dealt with Thursday at your joint meeting.

MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, I move that we postpone those until we meet with Western Interior.

MR. MILLER: Second.

MR. MILLER: Question.

12 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: It's been moved and 13 seconded to move Proposal 25 and 34 to the joint meeting 14 with Western Interior. All those in favor signify by 15 saying aye.

IN UNISON: Aye.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Opposed, same sign.

(No opposing votes)

MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, I believe on our 24 agenda we're on Item No. C where it states Regional State 25 and Wildlife Proposals. I don't know if we have any 26 representatives from the State to address this issue.

MR. FLEENER: Well, there's nobody left
29 here from the State is there? Well, I guess I can comment
30 a little bit on this because I've been working with the
31 Yukon Flats Fish and Game Advisory Committee, I'm not on
32 the committee but I'm on this moose management planning
33 committee. And what's happened is the advisory committee
34 is sick and tired of the low moose population and wants to
35 see something done about it so they put together a moose
36 management planning committee which is made up of members
37 from almost all the villages in the Flats. I think one
38 community is not represented and there's a representative
39 from the State Fish and Game and Fish and Wildlife Service,
40 and there have been invitations sent out to other people to
41 participate but no one else has participated as far as I
42 know.

Anyways, we've had one meeting so far and 45 we talked about -- we basically brainstormed on what we 46 thought the problems were and we talked a lot about how to 47 address those problems. So we're basically at step one and 48 one of the things we decided to do is do some public 49 service announcements on protecting the cow population, 50 increasing predator harvests. And I guess another thing we

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talked about is trying to see if we could get some State and Federal funds to support some sort of a study and others -- there's several studies needed. I hate to mention the word, study, because what the heck does that mean? A study is nothing unless you're going to do something with the information. And so we've talked about trying to do a wolf population study to see how many moose they're eating. We talked about a lot of things.

It's been pretty successful so far. The first meeting we had was really successful. We came to an agreement that we were going to work together and we are working together and the only other person that's here that the can talk about who was at the meeting is Paul Williams, be's the representative from Beaver, and I don't know if he has any comments on it or not. But I think the committee's resolved to work together. The first meeting was a good meeting. We have another planned and plan to meet again and to go from there. But like I said, it's the beginning steps and so far we're all in agreement that the moose population is in some sort of trouble and we need to do something about it.

But I don't know if Paul wants to come up 25 and say anything, if not, he doesn't have to.

MR. WILLIAMS: Early days when our 28 forefathers, they spoke, they don't use this kind of thing, 29 they stood up and they spoke loud.

31 I represent Beaver on the moose planning, 32 and like he said, you know, when you're going to do a 33 study, you know, you're going to do with what you learn and 34 how much -- you know, my idea is to identify the people 35 that could make these things possible once we agree on what 36 we want to do. Like he said, we identified a lot of 37 things. And a lot of the elders, you know, going back, 38 they identify moose by different names, you know, like male 39 and female and their year, their age and the time of the 40 year, especially for caribou. I hear a lot of talk about 41 caribou. In the old days they told me, you don't shoot 42 this kind of caribou at this time of the year, because this 43 is how they keep their health and their numbers, so that 44 kind of idea of traditional knowledge still stands. 45 Because this is kind of a new way for management, using 46 different language to talk about it. And so, you know, 47 this is all kind of new to me, but I go back to my old 48 Athabaskan language which I can speak very fluently, I 49 would say a lot more things, more complicated things, but 50 things that would seem easy.

You know, listening here to you guys talking, it's hard for me to understand because I'm thinking in the Athabaskan way and then I got to interpret that into the English and it's kind of confusing. When I go back to listening to the elders, you know, I was born in 1936 and I remember from 1940 they had a meeting and the elders talked about who was going to do what about our food situation, there was no Safeway, you know and even back in the 40s and 50s, if I think about going to Fairbanks, I 10 might as well think about going to the moon because that's 11 how impossible it was. There was no money. We don't know 12 candy or canned food or anything like that, everything was 13 dried apples and dried peaches and stuff like that and you 14 mix that with rice and that's our food. You know, we 15 usually eat biscuits and really crave that, you know, but 16 mostly we eat just meat and fish and that's how we lived 17 out in the woods in them days.

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So going back and thinking about that thing 20 of using traditional knowledge into what we're trying to do 21 would help because it took us thousands and thousands of 22 years to figure out how are we going to save this, you 23 know, and by identifying different — the different male 24 and female of an animal, I think would go a long ways, but, 25 you know, I don't know how we're going to do that these 26 days, you know, because we got high-powered skiff and nice 27 rifles and stuff like that, you know, it's hard to talk to 28 people and stuff like that, I don't know how we're going to 29 do it.

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I just thought I'd bring this up because I 32 hear a lot of traditional knowledge but nobody knows what 33 it is. Thanks.

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35 MR. FLEENER: Mr. Chair, that's basically 36 the only update I can think of unless there's any other 37 comments, if not that's all I have.

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MR. JAMES: Mr. Chairman. Craig, the moose 40 management meeting you had, do you have the minutes of 41 that?

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MR. FLEENER: Well, not Terry Haynes, but 44 Randy, what the heck is his last name, Randy Brown....

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MR. SHERROD: Rogers.

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48 MR. FLEENER: That's it, Brown is somebody 49 else, never mind. Randy Rogers is typing those up and he 50 should have those done, I think, today or tomorrow. And as soon as they're done I'll get you a copy.

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MR. JAMES: Thank you. Just to clarify on 3 that, you know, the process on this moose management plan. I had an opportunity last year to attend the Western Conference -- Western Regional Advisory meeting in Aniak, 5 7 and one of the -- just for information purposes, at that meeting there, there was a lot of disagreement between that group that got formed over in Koyukuk and I urge you to 10 watch out, to be careful that you don't get families 11 against families or brothers or fathers against fathers in 12 these moose management plans and to take you time and to 13 plan this out carefully and look at the -- what's going to 14 happen if you have a 15,000 moose herd or 10,000 or a 15 thousand or -- maybe the people don't want it. Do a 16 survey, a real intense survey, you know. One person can't 17 just speak for the whole community, make sure you get 18 everybody involved because you're getting into a real 19 delicate where I've seen the State pits people against 20 people.

21 22

Even though we have a low moose population, 23 my position always is that, you know, bringing in another 24 species that left, you know, especially species that got 25 contaminated, the food. My other issue always is the 26 muskrats, they're gone now and that was one of our diets, 27 now, you want us to change our diets and change it over to 28 buffalos. Just for your information, thank you.

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MR. FLEENER: Davey brings up a good point and I'll close with this and, that is, it's been already brought up by several members of the planning committee that they don't want to see tremendous growth in the moose population but they want to see growth and they don't want to see 15 -- like the State has, I forget what their numbers are, 15 to 20,000 moose in the Yukon Flats. Most people that I've talked to don't want to see that either because that's going to mean we're going to see 15 to 20,000 hunters from other places coming to get those moose. And so we want to see increases so that we can meet our local needs but that's -- we have discussed that issue. Thanks, Davey.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: I could pretty much 45 comment as far as the brothers against brothers and stuff, 46 because it involves money and it involves mostly sport 47 hunters and we really do not support sport hunting and we 48 really do not support hunting for just the horns. You 49 know, the people in our region are already hurting from the 50 fish, especially in the Tanana area. There's a lot of

people that wish they had fish right now but they don't.

It's good that we get fish from other areas but we'd like
to get our own fish. And it's just the same thing that
goes for the moose in our area, too, we live right on a
major highway system [sic] like the Yukon and Tanana River,
you know, there's a lot of people that talk about going out
and guiding and getting six-pack licenses and I see the
split in that already. But it's a big business that's
against subsistence nowadays and it's spreading. It's good
to see for some that it's spreading but for the actual
subsistence user and the actual resource, it's not going to
be able to sustain this increase of sport and this increase
of use.

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And like I said when I first got on this Council, 16 you're going to have to determine the actual -- what the 17 actual resource could sustain and the actual need of the 18 subsistence user and compare it against the want of the 19 sports hunter. There's going to have to be a fine line 20 drawn somewhere along the line, otherwise what are we going 21 to be managing after we kill off the moose and after we 22 kill off the fish and stuff, mice?

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Let's just move on.

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MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, we just addressed the 27 wildlife issues. Mr. Fleener stated the status of the 28 Yukon Flats planning committee meeting held in Fort Yukon, 29 and I guess Crag Gardner is gone and he won't be able to 30 present his update on the management and harvest plans for 31 the Fortymile Caribou Herd so, I guess the next item is the 32 Regional Council member reports and Chair's report if you 33 would like to present a Chair's report. But maybe you can 34 just report on your activities with the Federal Subsistence 35 Board and the fisheries meeting.

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37 CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Chair's report, uh. 38 Well, sometime in October Bob Schulz from Wrangell-St. 39 Elias or is it Yukon-Charley -- Yukon....

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MR. FLEENER: Kanuti.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA:Kanuti, called me 44 up and asked me to open up a hunt because there was a deal 45 where the caribou could sustain the extra harvest and I 46 gave him the okay for a one day hunt, that was in October, 47 I think. And that's concerning the Kanuti National Refuge.

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The Chair's meeting in Anchorage that we 50 had down there in late November, early December is -- Bill

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Thomas is the Chair of all the Chairs, and it seems that -he told us that it seems that the subsistence program, overall, is at it's -- I don't really think it is, but this was his point of view and I kind of see it in a little light but not really, is that, it's kind of getting away from the RACs as in involvement at all levels, at all levels, not just the recommendation. But why he said that is because we are the back-bone of this program. And to be informed -- I mean to just have meetings two times a year 10 is not really including us, we have to be informed or even 11 by teleconferences, of certain situations that come up. 12 Sometimes it could happen but the way I see it, the 13 management of -- two management bodies for the same 14 resources and same users and the way the State is splitting 15 away or trying to split away from the Federal, in my book 16 they are, is that, we're not going to help the resource and 17 we're not going to help the subsistence users. What Bill 18 Thomas says, he seen this split in December, early 19 December, and that when this happens, we have to be more 20 involved as Regional Advisory Councils, we have to be more 21 involved at an upper -- at the uppermost level that we 22 could. That's just one comment from the Chair's meeting. 23

And another thing that happened after the 25 resource monitoring meeting, is that, Ron Sam got down from 26 working with Willie Goodwin and Dan O'Hara to work with the 27 Federal Board and all the Chairs voted me in there to work 28 with them and I went down there and it was pretty -- the 29 resource monitoring it was -- I don't know how to put it, 30 but we agreed to most of the Yukon question but we were 31 arguing about pike the last day, but we dropped the Innoko 32 plan and took on Yukon Flats and another little area. 33 was for the resource monitoring.

And at the same time I signed or Craig got 35 36 voted in for the determining subsistence use amounts work 37 task force -- task force protocol for determining 38 subsistence uses for rural communities. I really pushed 39 for him to be on that because I know he's very 40 knowledgeable in that and we wanted to put our best people 41 in there, all these protocols, there's about five of them. 42 One for the Yukon, one for the statewide fisheries, one for 43 wildlife, one for State and Feds to work together and 44 another statewide fisheries one and one protocol, just the 45 mother of all protocols.

47 And for the customary and trade task force, 48 the assigned person that I reassigned is Chuck Miller, so 49 he will be on that task force. Other than that, I'll fill 50 you in later if I come up with anything else.

MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, we're in a point that we are into Regional Council exchange on meetings and information on subsistence issues affecting the region so if we have any State local Fish and Game Advisory Committee meetings coming up, I don't know if that's appropriate to bring it up right now.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: Yeah, I sit on the Tanana/Rampart/Manley Advisory Committee and we kind of got 10 talking after the State had their fisheries deal, we fought 11 against a lot for like household amounts and the dog issue 12 and Area M and Yukon and the Bering Sea, is that, it's a 13 good thing that a lot of us showed at that Board of Fish 14 meeting. We didn't get what we wanted and yet we didn't 15 have all those restrictions put on us. The way it went for 16 the Yukon area is it's not -- mesh size -- restrict mesh 17 size or determine how much a household uses because some 18 households use -- some households provides for a lot of 19 other households in my area. All along it went pretty good 20 for Tanana/Rampart/Manley, what we dealt with.

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MR. MIKE: Mr. Chair, we got on our agenda, 23 tribal and village meetings and Subsistence Resource 24 Commission meetings. As a coordinator for the Eastern 25 Interior Council, I had planned on attending the Wrangell-26 St. Elias SRC meeting but due to other commitments I 27 couldn't attend but I'm planning on attending future 28 commission meetings for the Wrangell-St. Elias Commission.

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If there are any tribal or village council 31 members out there that would like to speak on upcoming 32 meetings we can bring it up right now or we can call for a 33 recess and reconvene tomorrow morning.

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CHAIRMAN NICHOLIA: So moved, Donald, we'll 35 36 reconvene tomorrow morning at 9:00.

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MR. FLEENER: 9:00 be good.

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40 (PROCEEDINGS TO BE CONTINUED)

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12 full, true and correct Transcript of the EASTERN INTERIOR 13 FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE REGIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL MEETING, VOLUME 14 I, taken electronically by Salena Hile on the 6th day of March 15 2001, beginning at the hour of 9:45 o'clock a.m. in Fairbanks,

THAT the transcript is a true and correct transcript 19 requested to be transcribed and thereafter transcribed by under 20 my direction and reduced to print to the best of our knowledge 21 and ability;

23 THAT I am not an employee, attorney, or party interested 24 in any way in this action.

DATED at Anchorage, Alaska, this 18th day of March 2001.

Joseph P. Kolasinski Notary Public in and for Alaska My Commission Expires: 04/17/04